

Post-Hoc Interpretation of Transformer Hyperparameters with Explainable Boosting Machines

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Post-Hoc Interpretation of Transformer Hyperparameters

Goal: To improve our understanding of hyperparameters in practice.

Dataset D	1. Train Transformers, record accuracies	Type	Goal	Example Result
$\{(M_{\lambda}, s(M_{\lambda}))\}$	2. Fit glassbox	Prescriptive	Model Building	Given past experience, we recommend setting embedding size to 256 and attention head to 8 on Dataset D.
EBM	 model 3. Interpret hyperparameters 	Descriptive (this work)	Post-Hoc Understanding	Given N models that are trained on dataset D, we find that embedding size influences BLEU more than attention heads.

Hyperparameter Search Datasets

A dataset on hyperparameter search for Transformer-based machine translation: Reproducible and Efficient Benchmarks for Hyperparameter Optimization of Neural Machine Translation Systems, Zhang and Duh, TACL, 2020

Language Pairs	BPE (1k)	#layers	#embed	#hidden	<pre>#att_heads</pre>	init_lr (10 ⁻⁴)
zh-en; ru-en; ja-en; en-ja	10, 30, 50	2, 4	256, 512, 1024	1024, 2048	8, 16	3, 6, 10
sw-en	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32	1, 2, 4, 6	256, 512, 1024	1024, 2048	8, 16	3, 6, 10
so-en	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32	1, 2, 4	256, 512, 1024	1024, 2048	8, 16	3, 6, 10

* 2245 (hyperparameters, BLEU) pairs in total

Explainable Boosting Machines

Explainable Boosting Machine (EBM) is a generalized additive model with the form:

$$g(y) = \beta_0 + \sum_{j} f_j(x_j) + \sum_{ij} f_{ij}(x_i, x_j)$$

x: hyperparameters y: BLEU

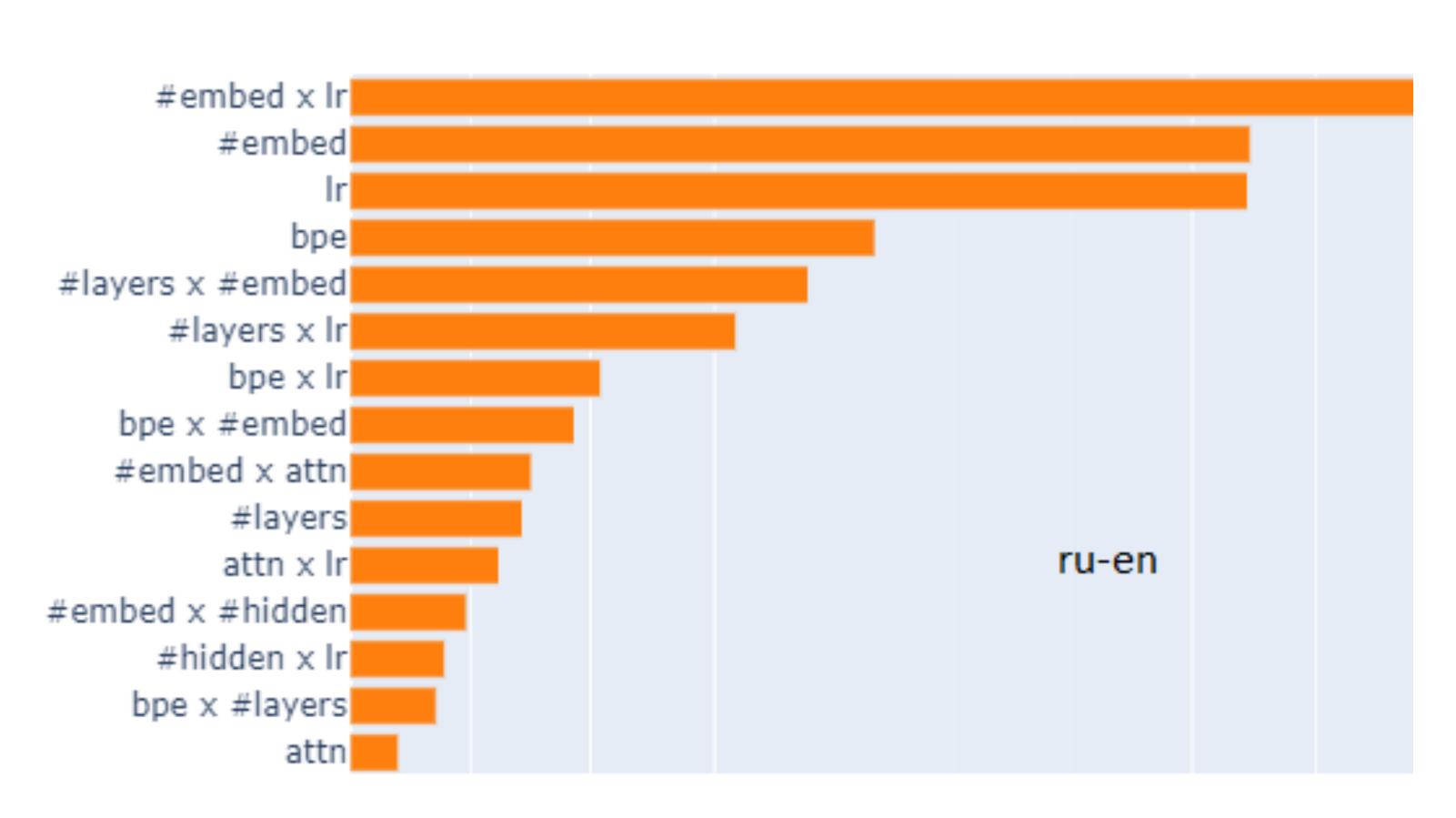
 f_j : feature function for feature x_j that is learnt through bagging and gradient boosting.

 f_{ij} : models pairwise integrations between features.

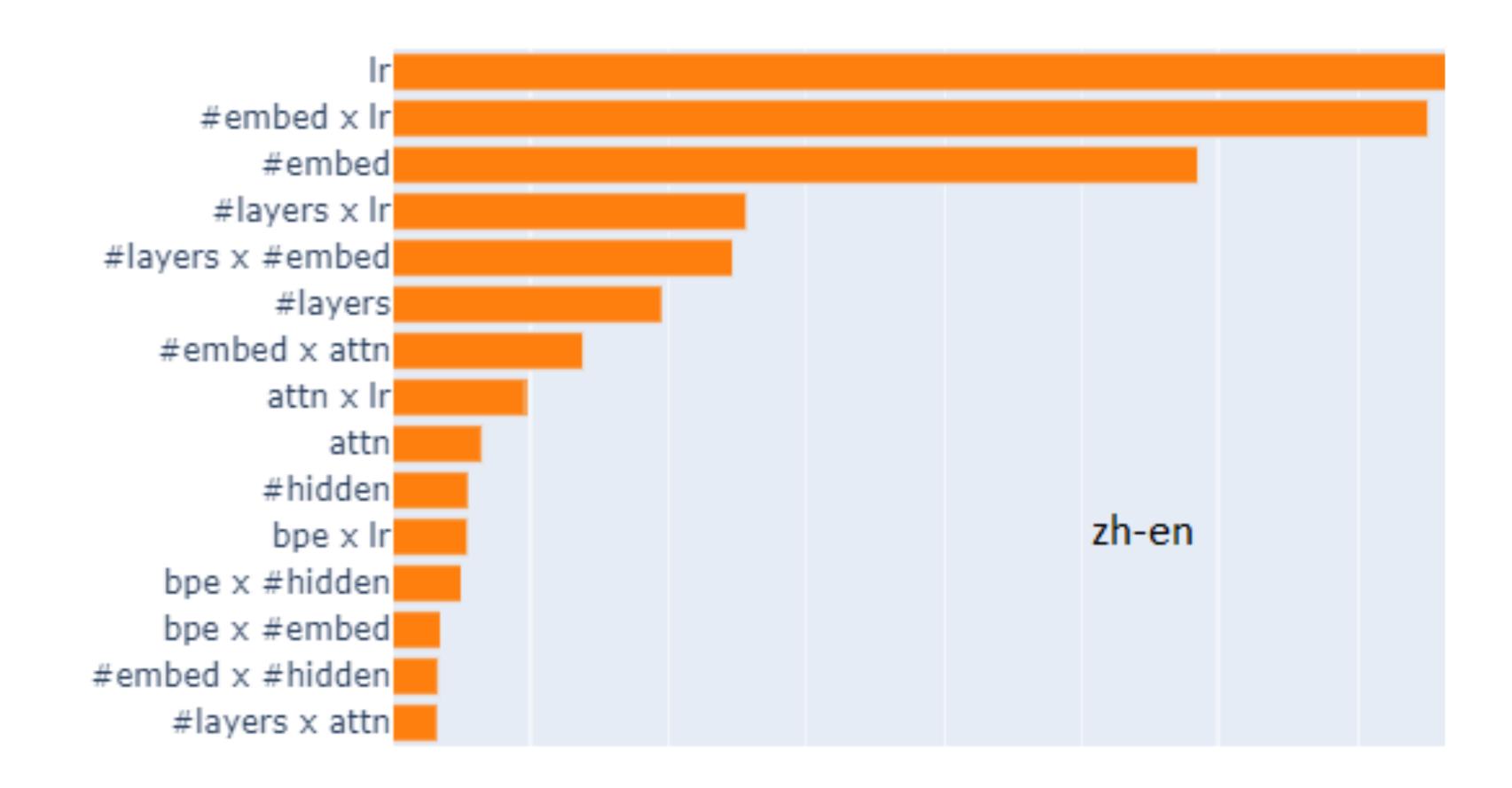
 $f_j f_{ij}$ Can be arbitrary shape functions based on 1 or 2 variables (hyperparamters) -> easy to interpret

Hyperparameter Analysis with EBM

I. Hyperparameter Importance

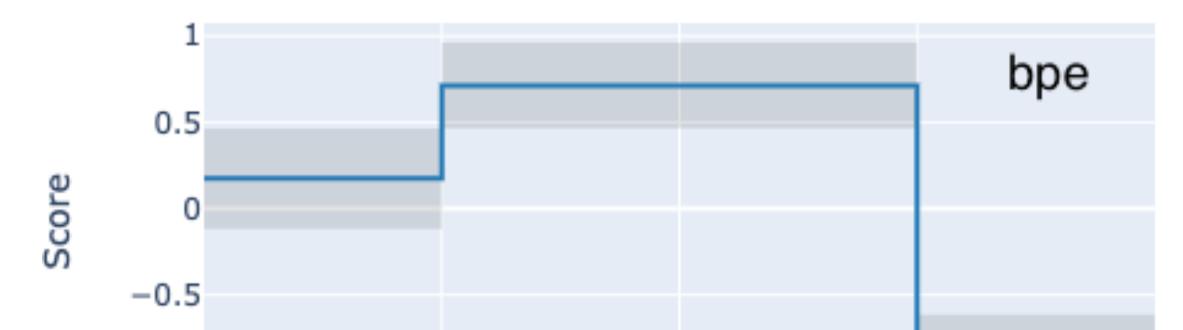






II. Single Hyperparameter Analysis

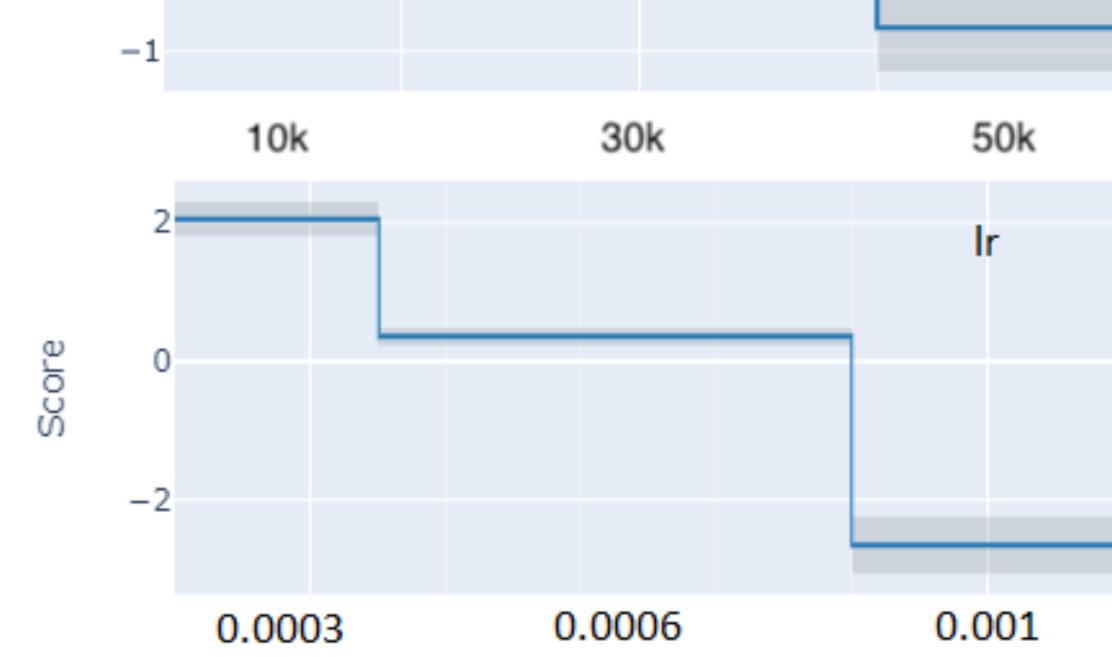
Score: higher score indicates a higher chance to get a higher BLEU score. $f_i(x_i)$

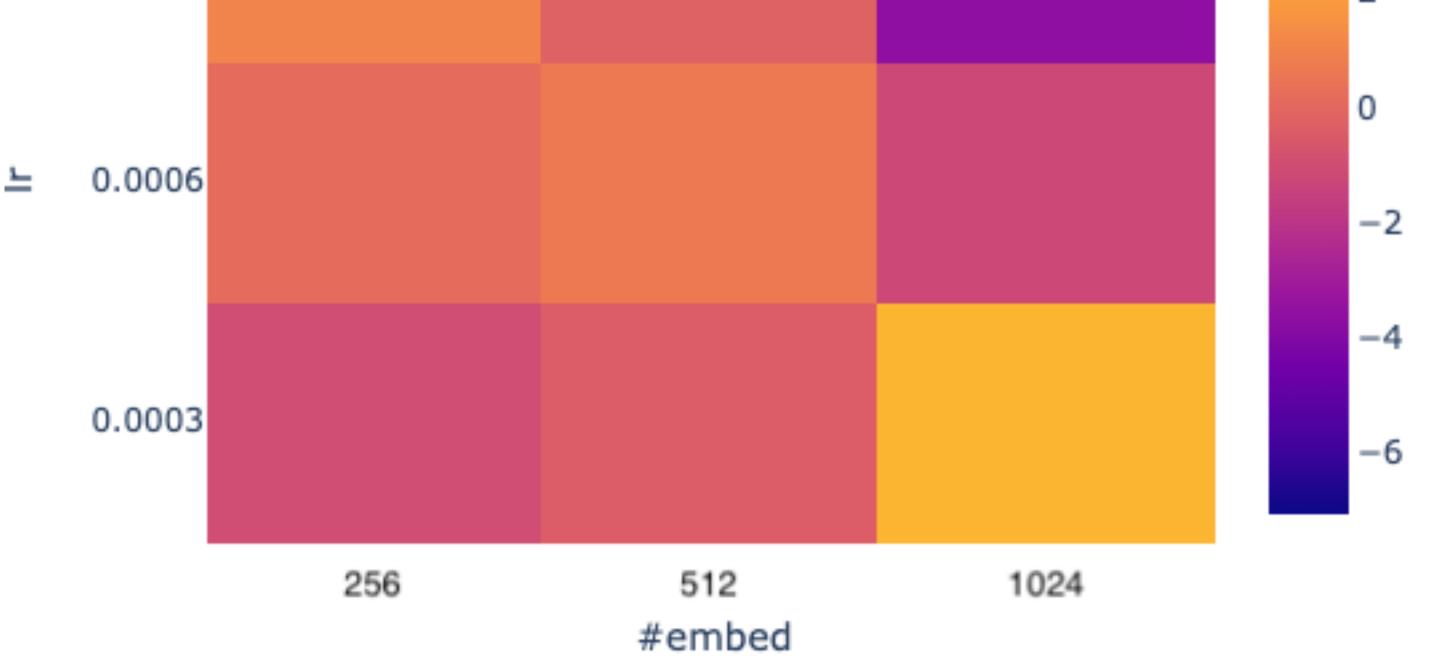


III. Pairwise Interaction Analysis

Score: higher score indicates a higher chance to get a higher BLEU score. $f_{ij}(x_i, x_j)$



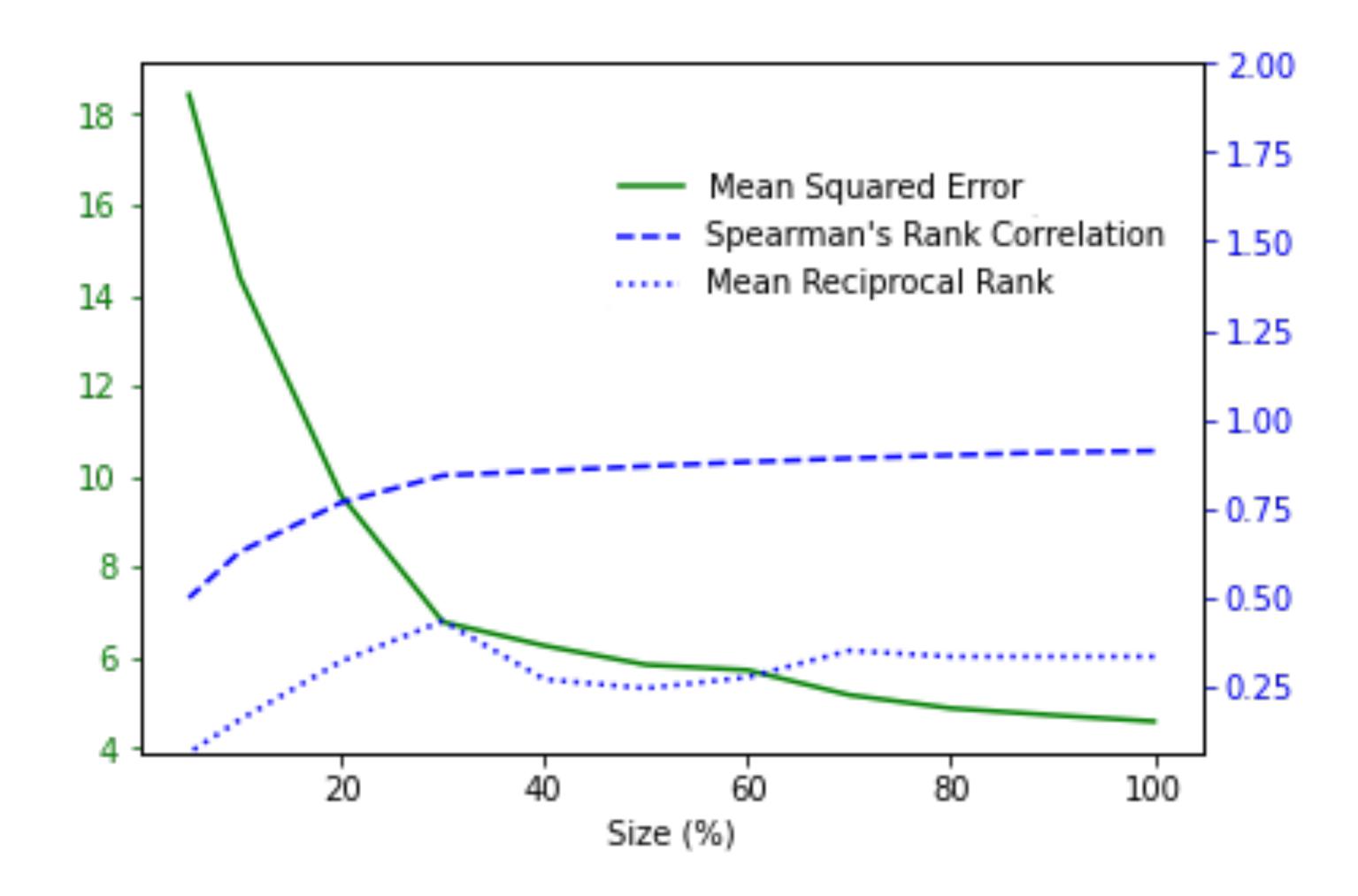




Robustness Analysis of EBM

When can EBM be applied for this problem?

I. Varying Data Sizes



II. Transferability

