Date: 10/27/2022 3-4:15 PM

Name: SAMPLE SOLUTION

Section (315/415/615):

MIDTERM EXAM - 601.315/415/615 - Databases

The total number of points in this exam is 75 for both 601.315 and 601.415/615 students (although the questions are mostly different). If you work at approximately 1 minute per point, you should finish on time.

Question 1 - Relational Algebra (5 points)

• (5 points) Create a View WINNER using the relational algebra that lists the HomeTeam (team name), WinningTeam (team name), LosingTeam (team name), GameID, Date and Season of all games in the database.

You can use this view WINNER for all other relational algebra questions on this exam.

Create VIEW Winner AS

PI HomeTeam, WinningTeam, LosingTeam, GameID, Date, Season

(GAME JOIN_GameID=GameID

(RHO(LosingTeam,GameID) PI_AwayTeam,GameID (SIGMA HomeTeam=WinningTeam GAME) UNION

RHO(LosingTeam, GAMEID) PI_HomeTeam, GameID (SIGMA AwayTeam=WinningTeam GAME)))

Question 2 - Relational Algebra (5 points)

Express the following query in the relational algebra:

- (a) (5 points) 601.315 only: List the name and host city of all teams who won every game they played in 2018.
- (b) (5 points) 601.415/615 only: List the name and host city of all teams who won every game they played in 2018, but did not win any game in 2017.

601.315:

 $lostin2018Away \leftarrow \Pi_{Team.TName,Team.HostCity}$

 $(\sigma_{Game.AwayTeam=Team.TName} \land Game.Season=2018 \land Game.winningTeam \neq Team.TName} (TEAM \times GAME))$

 $LostIn2018Home \leftarrow \Pi_{Team.TName,Team.HostCity}$

 $(\sigma_{Game.HomeTeam=Team.TName} \land Game.Season=2018 \land Game.winningTeam \neq Team.TName} (TEAM \times GAME))$

 $Result \leftarrow \Pi_{TName,HostCity}(Team) - LostIn2018Away - LostIn2018Home$

601.415/615:

```
lostin2018Away \leftarrow \Pi_{Team.TName,Team.HostCity}
(\sigma_{Game.AwayTeam=Team.TName} \land Game.Season=2018 \land Game.winningTeam \neq Team.TName}(TEAM \times GAME))
LostIn2018Home \leftarrow \Pi_{Team.TName,Team.HostCity}
(\sigma_{Game.HomeTeam=Team.TName} \land Game.Season=2018 \land Game.winningTeam \neq Team.TName}(TEAM \times GAME))
WinIn2017 \leftarrow \Pi_{Team.TName,Team.HostCity}
(\sigma_{Game.HomeTeam=Team.TName} \land Game.Season=2017 \land Game.winningTeam=Team.TName}(TEAM \times GAME))
Result \leftarrow \Pi_{TName.HostCity}(Team) - LostIn2018Away - LostIn2018Home - WinIn2017
```

Question 3 - Relational Algebra (5 points)

- (a) (5 points) **601.315 only:** List the GameID and Date of games where the CityofBirth of the "Head" referee is the same as the HostCity of the winning team.
- (b) (5 points) **601.415/615 only:** List the GameID and Date of games where the CityofBirth of the "Head" referee is the same as the HostCity of the winning team **and** where the CountryofBirth of the "Head" referee is **not** the same as the CountryofBirth of any of the play ers on the

```
315:
```

Question 4 - Relational Algebra (5 points)

Express the following query in the relational algebra.

- (a) (5 points) **601.315 only:** List the name and birthdate for players who have played for at least one team which has nev er won a match.
- (b) (5 points) **601.415/615 only:** List the name and birthdate for players who have played for at least one team which has never won a match, but has refereed for the same game that they have also played in.

```
(4a)
```

(Player X Referees_Game X PlayedInGame)

Result <-ResultPlayer1 INTERSECT ResultPlayer2

Question 5 - Tuple Relational Calculus (6 points)

Express the following query in Tuple Relational Calculus:

(a) (6 points) **601.315 only:** List the name, birthdate, sex and birthcountry of all players who were born in the same country as Wally Winger and were born on the same exact date as Wally Whinger and have the same sex as Wally Whinger and has played for a team that Wally Whinger has played for in some year, but were not born in the same city as Wally Whinger.

```
 \{ t \mid \exists p \in PLAYER(t[name] = p[name] \land p[Bdate] = t[Bdate] \land t[sex] = p[sex] \land t[Country of Birth] = p[Country of Birth] \\ \land \exists s \in Player(s[PName] = "WallyWinger" \land s[Country of Birth] = p[Country of Birth] \land s[Bdate] = p[Bdate] \land s[sex] = p[sex] \\ \land \exists pf \in Plays\_for(pf[Pname] = "WallyWinger" \\ \land \exists pf2 \in Plays\_for(pf2[Pname] = p[name] \land pf2[Tname] = pf[Tname] \land \neg (p[City of Birth] = s[City of Birth])))) \}
```

(aa) (6 points) **601.415/615 only:** List the name, birthdate, sex and birthcountry of all players who were born in the same country as Wally Winger and were born on the same exact date as Wally Whinger and have the same sex as Wally Whinger and has played for a team that Wally Whinger has played for in some year, but have never played in the same game as Wally Whinger (on the same or opposing team).

```
 \{ \ t \mid \exists p \in PLAYER(t[name] = p[name] \land p[Bdate] = t[Bdate] \land t[sex] = p[sex] \land t[Country of Birth] = p[Country of Birth] \\ \land \exists s \in Player(s[PName] = "WallyWinger" \land s[Country of Birth] = p[Country of Birth] \land s[Bdate] = p[Bdate] \land s[sex] = p[sex] \\ \land \exists p f \in Plays\_for(pf[Pname] = "WallyWinger" \\ \land \exists p f 2 \in Plays\_for(pf2[Pname] = p[name] \land pf2[Tname] = pf[Tname] \\ \land \neg (\exists g \in Played\_in\_game(t[PName] = g[PName] \\ \land \exists g 1 \in Played\_in\_game(g1[PName] = "WallyWinger" \land g1[GameID] = g[GameID])))))))) \}
```

Question 5 - Tuple Relational Calculus (6 points) - ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION

Express the following query in Tuple Relational Calculus:

- (a) (6 points) **601.315 only:** List the name, birthdate, sex and birthcountry of all players who were born in the same country as Wally Winger and were born on the same exact date as Wally Whinger and have the same sex as Wally Whinger and has played for a team that Wally Whinger has played for in some year, but were not born in the same city as Wally Whinger.
- (aa) (6 points) **601.415/615 only:** List the name, birthdate, sex and birthcountry of all players who were born in the same country as Wally Winger and were born on the same exact date as Wally Whinger and have the same sex as Wally Whinger and has played for a team that Wally Whinger has played for in some year, but have never played in the same game as Wally Whinger (on the same or opposing team).

```
{T| EXISTS P1 IN PLAYER
   EXISTS P2 IN PLAYER
   EXISTS PF1 IN PLAYS_FOR
   EXISTS PF2 IN PLAYS_FOR
   EXISTS PG2 IN PLAYED_IN_GAME
                                               # omit for 315
                                               # omit for 315
   NEXISTS PG1 IN PLAYED_IN_GAME
   P2.Pname = 'Wally Winger'
   P1.CountryOfBirth = P2.CountryOfBirth
   P1.BDate = P2.BDate
   P1.Sex = P2.Sex
   NOT P1.CityOfBirth = P2.CityOfBirth
   P1.Pname = PF1.Pname
   P2.Pname = PF2.Pname
   PF1.TName = PF2.TName
   PG2.GameID = PG1.GameID
                                               # omit for 315
   T.Lname = P1.Lname
   T.Birthdate = P1.Birthdate
   T.Sex = P1.Sex
   T.CountryOfBirth = P1.CountryOfBirth }}}}}}}
```

Question 6 - SQL (25 points)

Express the following queries in SQL:

(a) **601.315 only:** List the names and birth country of players who were played for a US team in 2018 but were born in a different country.

(aa) 601.415/615 only: List the names and birth country of players who have never played for a team whose host country is the country where they were born.

```
SELECT p.PName, p.CountryofBirth
FROM PLAYER p, TEAM t, PLAYS_FOR pf
WHERE p.PName=pf.PName ^ pf.TName=t.TName ^ t.HostCountry!=p.CountryofBirth;
```

(b) **601.315 only:** List the names and birthdate of all players born after 1/1/84 who have played for more than two teams.

```
SELECT Player.PName, Player.Bdate
FROM

(SELECT PName, COUNT(DISTINCT TName) as numTeams
FROM PLAYS_FOR
GROUP BY PName) as C

JOIN
PLAYER ON C.PName = Player.PName
WHERE
C.numTeams > 2 ^ Player.BDate > 1/1/84
```

(bb) **601.415/615 only:** List the names and birthdate of all players born after 1/1/84 who have played for more than two teams, and also include the total number of teams that the player has ever played for.

```
SELECT Player.PName, Player.Bdate, C.numTeams
FROM
  (SELECT PName, COUNT(DISTINCT TName) as numTeams
  FROM PLAYS_FOR
  GROUP BY PName) as C

JOIN
  PLAYER ON C.PName = Player.PName
WHERE
  C.numTeams > 2 ^ Player.BDate > 1/1/84
```

(c) (315 and 415/615: For each team in the league, list the total number of points scored by Colette Cretin when playing against that team.

```
SELECT T.team, SUM(T.PS)
FROM
 (
  (SELECT G. HomeTeam as team, SUM(PIG. PointsScored) as PS
  FROM Played_In_Game as PIG
  JOIN Game as G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
  JOIN Plays_For CPF ON PIG.PName = CPF.PName
  GROUP BY G. HomeTeam
  WHERE PIG.PName = 'Colette Cretin'
  AND G. HomeTeam <> CPF. TName)
  UNION
  (SELECT G.AwayTeam as team, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
  FROM Played_In_Game as PIG
  JOIN Game as G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
  JOIN Plays_For CPF ON PIG.PName = CPF.PName
  Group BY G.AwayTeam
  WHERE PIG.PName = 'Colette Cretin'
  AND G.AwayTeam <> CPF.TName)
 ) as T
GROUP BY T.team
```

(d) **601.315 only:** Name the female player with the highest total points scored in 2017, and include that total.

```
SELECT Points2017.PName
  (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
  FROM Played_In_Game PIG
  JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
  JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
  GROUP BY PIG.PName
  WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
  AND G.Season = 2017) as Points2017
WHERE Points2017.PS =
  SELECT MAX(Points2017v2.PS)
  FROM
    (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
    FROM Played_In_Game PIG
    JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
    JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
    GROUP BY PIG.PName
```

```
WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
AND G.Season = 2017) as Points2017v2
```

(dd) **601.415/615 only:** Name the female player who is most improved between 2017 and 2018 (the increase in her total points from 2017 to 2018 is greatest).

```
SELECT T.PName
FROM
  (SELECT Points2017.PName as PName, (Points2018.PS - Points2017.PS) as diff
    (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
    FROM Played_In_Game PIG
    JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
    JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
    GROUP BY PIG.PName
    WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
    AND G.Season = 2017) as Points2017
  JOIN
    (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
    FROM Played_In_Game PIG
    JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
    JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
    GROUP BY PIG.PName
    WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
    AND G.Season = 2018) as Points2018
  ON Points2017.PName = Points2018.PName) as T
WHERE T.diff =
  (SELECT MAX(Points2018v2.PS - Points2017v2.PS) as diff
  FROM
    (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
    FROM Played_In_Game PIG
    JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
    JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
    GROUP BY PIG.PName
    WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
    AND G.Season = 2017) as Points2017v2
  JOIN
    (SELECT PIG.PName as PName, SUM(PIG.PointsScored) as PS
    FROM Played_In_Game PIG
    JOIN Player P ON PIG.PName = P.PName
    JOIN Game G ON PIG.GameID = G.GameID
    GROUP BY PIG.PName
    WHERE P.Sex = 'Female'
    AND G.Season = 2018) as Points2018v2
  ON Points2017v2PName = Points2018v2.PName)
```

(e) **601.315 only:** List the names and birthdates of all players who have never played for more than one team.

```
SELECT P.PName, P.BDate
FROM Player P, (SELECT PName, Count(TName) NumTeam
FROM Plays_for
GROUP BY PName ) T1
WHERE P.Pname=T1.Pname AND T1.NumTeam=1
```

(ee) **601.415/615 only:** How many players in the database have played for more than two teams in the same host country in their entire careers.

```
SELECT count(*)

FROM SELECT T.PName
FROM Team T,( SELECT DISTINCT PName, TName
FROM PLAYS_FOR) PF
WHERE T.TName=PF.TName
GROUP BY T.PName, T.HostCountry
HAVING Count(T.TName)>2
```

Question 7 - QBE (15 points)

Express the following queries in QBE. To simplify your work, table shells have been provided. Just fill in the appropriate cells with variables/values.

(a) (5 points) List the name and birthdate of all players who have played in a game against someone who played in a game against Wally Whinger, but were not born in the same country as Wally Winger.

PLAYER	<u>PName</u>	BDate	Sex	CityOfBirth	CountryofBirth
	Ppn	Р.			_c
	Wally Whinger				¬ _c

HostCity	$\underline{\text{TName}}$	HostCountry
	HostCity	HostCity TName

PLAYS_FOR	<u>PName</u>	$\underline{\mathrm{TName}}$	<u>Season</u>
	_pn	_t1	
	$_{\mathtt{p}}2$	$_{\mathtt{t}}2$	
	Wally Whinger	_t3	

GAME	GameID	HomeTeam	AwayTeam	Date	Season	WinningTeam	HomeScore	AwayScore

PLAYED_IN_GAME	$\underline{\text{PName}}$	$\underline{\text{GameID}}$	Position	PointsScored
	_pn	_g1		
	$_{\mathtt{p}2}$	$_{ m g1}$		
	$_{\mathtt{p}2}$	$_\mathbf{g2}$		
	Wally Whinger	$_\mathbf{g2}$		

Conditions	

(b) (5 points) List the name, birthdate, sex and birthcountry of all players who were not born in the same country as Wally Winger and were not born on the same exact date as Wally Whinger and do not have the same sex as Wally Whinger and have never played for a team that Wally Whinger has ever played for, and has never played in the same game as Wally Whinger (on the same or opposing team).

PLAYER	<u>PName</u>	BDate	Sex	CityOfBirth	CountryofBirth
	Ppn	Pb	ps		Pc
	Wally Whinger	¬_b	¬_s		¬_c

TEAM	HostCity	$\underline{\text{TName}}$	HostCountry

PLAYS_FOR	<u>PName</u>	$\underline{\text{TName}}$	<u>Season</u>
	_pn	_t	
「	Wally Whinger	_t	

GAME	$\underline{\text{GameID}}$	HomeTeam	AwayTeam	Date	Season	WinningTeam	HomeScore	AwayScore

PLAYED_IN_GAME	<u>PName</u>	$\underline{\text{GameID}}$	Position	PointsScored
	_pn	_g		
¬	Wally Whinger	_g		

Conditions

(c)	List the name,	birthdate and	birth city of	of all players	who have	played for	or a team	with	a host
	city and count	ry that is the	same as the	city/country	where th	e player	was born.		

PLAYER	<u>PName</u>	BDate	Sex	CityOfBirth	CountryofBirth
	Ppn	Pbd		Pcitb	_coub

TEAM HostCity		<u>TName</u>	HostCountry		
	_citb	_tn	_coub		

PLAYS_FOR	<u>PName</u>	$\underline{\text{TName}}$	<u>Season</u>
	pn	${ extbf{-}} ext{tn}$	

GAME	GameID	HomeTeam	AwayTeam	Date	Season	WinningTeam	HomeScore	AwayScore

PLAYED_IN_GAME	<u>PName</u>	<u>GameID</u>	Position	PointsScored

Conditions	

Question 8 - Functional Dependencies (10 points)

(a) Consider the relation $\mathbf{r}(A,B,C,D,E)$ with functional dependencies:

$$BC \to D, D \to E, CE \to A$$

		Circle One	If yes, briefly show your derivation
Does D -	\rightarrow A?	Yes/No	
Does CD	\rightarrow E?	Yes/No	$CD \rightarrow D$ (Decomposition) and $D \rightarrow E$ transitivity
Does CD	$E \to A$?	Yes/No	$CDE \rightarrow CE \text{ (Decomposition)} \text{ and } CE \rightarrow A \text{ Transitivity}$
Does BC	$D \to A$?	Yes/No	BCD \rightarrow D and D \rightarrow E so BCD \rightarrow E, BCD \rightarrow C, BCD \rightarrow CE, CE \rightarrow A, BCD \rightarrow A

(b) List at least one candidate key for r (informally show your work):

BC->B by decomposition

BC->C by decomposition

BC->D given

 $BC \rightarrow E$ because $BC \rightarrow D$ and $D \rightarrow E$

BC->A because BC->CE (by union of BC->C and BC->E above), and CE->A so transitive

BC->ABCDE so BC->r so BC is a superkey

B is not a superkey because doesn't derive A by itself C is not a superkey because doesn't derive A by itself

So BC is a minimal superkey, thus BC is a candidate key.

CERTIFICATION PAGE

By signing below, I promise that my answers on this exam are entirely my own work. I have not looked at the answers written by others and I have not allowed others to look at my answers. I also have not consulted any books or notes while taking this exam besides the 2 single sided pages allowed.

My Signature: