

Domain Relational Calculus (59)

$$\{<I,n> \mid \exists <I,f,s,x,d> \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists <n,i,m> \in \text{Department} \ (\wedge x = 'M' \wedge d=i)) \}$$

Tuple Relational Calculus (89)

$$\{t \mid \exists e \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists d \in \text{Department} \ (t.\text{Iname} = e.\text{Iname} \wedge t.\text{dname} = d.\text{dname} \wedge e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber})) \}$$

Relational Algebra [in RC/SQL style] (71)

$$\begin{aligned} e &\leftarrow \text{Employee} \\ d &\leftarrow \text{Department} \\ t &\leftarrow \Pi \text{ Iname, dname} \\ (\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber}) (e \times d) \end{aligned}$$

Relational Algebra [in “native” (and underspecified) style] (64)

$$\Pi \text{ Iname, dname} (\sigma \text{ sex} = 'M' (\text{Employee} \bowtie \text{dno} = \text{dnumber} \text{ Department}))$$

English (82)

List the last name and department number of all male employees.

Color Meaning:

Red = Existentialization
 Green = Projection
 Blue = Selection
 Gold = Join

SQL – underspecified (74)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SELECT Iname, dname} \\ \text{FROM Employee, Department} \\ \text{WHERE sex = 'M'} \\ \text{and dno = dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

SQL - aliased (82)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SELECT e.Iname, d.dname} \\ \text{FROM Employee e, Department d} \\ \text{WHERE e.sex = 'M'} \\ \text{and e.dno = d.dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

Domain Relational Calculus (59)

$$\{<I,n> \mid \exists <I,f,s,x,d> \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists <n,i,m> \in \text{Department} \ (\wedge x = 'M' \wedge d = i)) \}$$

Tuple Relational Calculus (89)

$$\{t \mid \exists e \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists d \in \text{Department} \ (t.\text{Iname} = e.\text{Iname} \wedge t.\text{dname} = d.\text{dname} \wedge e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber})) \}$$

Relational Algebra [in RC/SQL style] (71)

$$\begin{aligned} e &\leftarrow \text{Employee} \\ d &\leftarrow \text{Department} \\ t &\leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname} \\ &(\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ (e \times d)) \end{aligned}$$

Relational Algebra [in “native” (underspecified) style] (64)

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi \text{Iname, dname} \ (\sigma \text{sex} = 'M' \ (\\ \text{Employee} \bowtie \text{dno} = \text{dnumber} \ \text{Department})) \end{aligned}$$

English (82)

List the last name and department number of all male employees.

SQL – underspecified (74)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SELECT Iname, dname} \\ \text{FROM Employee, Department} \\ \text{WHERE sex = 'M'} \\ \text{and dno = dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

SQL - aliased (82)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SELECT e.Iname, d.dname} \\ \text{FROM Employee e, Department d} \\ \text{WHERE e.sex = 'M'} \\ \text{and e.dno = d.dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

QBE (29)

EMPL	ssn	Iname	sex	dno
		_I	M	_d
DEPT	dnumber	dname	mgrssn	
	_d	_n		
RESULT		Iname	dname	
		P._I	P._n	

Color Meaning:

Red = Existentialization
 Green = Projection
 Blue = Selection
 Gold = Join

Domain Relational Calculus (59)

$$\{<\mathbf{l}, \mathbf{n}> \mid \exists <\mathbf{l}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}> \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists <\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{i}, \mathbf{m}> \in \text{Department} \ (\wedge \mathbf{x} = 'M' \wedge \mathbf{d} = \mathbf{i}))) \}$$

Tuple Relational Calculus (89)

$$\{t \mid \exists e \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists d \in \text{Department} \ (t.\text{Iname} = e.\text{Iname} \wedge t.\text{dname} = d.\text{dname} \wedge e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber})))$$

Relational Algebra [in RC/SQL style] (71)

$$e \leftarrow \text{Employee}$$

$$d \leftarrow \text{Department}$$

$$t \leftarrow \Pi \text{ Iname, dname}$$

$$(\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ (e \times d))$$

$$(\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \ (\sigma e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ (e \times d)))$$

$$(\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \ (e \bowtie e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ d))$$

Relational Algebra [in “native” (and underspecified) style] (64)

$$\Pi \text{ Iname, dname} \ (\sigma \text{ sex} = 'M' \ (\text{Employee} \bowtie \text{dno} = \text{dnumber} \ \text{Department}))$$

SQL – underspecified (74)

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{SELECT Iname, dname} \\ &\text{FROM Employee, Department} \\ &\text{WHERE sex = 'M'} \\ &\quad \text{and dno = dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

SQL - aliased (82)

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{SELECT e.Iname, d.dname} \\ &\text{FROM Employee e, Department d} \\ &\text{WHERE e.sex = 'M'} \\ &\quad \text{and e.dno = d.dnumber} \end{aligned}$$

Domain Relational Calculus (84)

$$\{<I,n> \mid \exists <I,f,s,x,d> \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists <n,i,m> \in \text{Department} \ (\wedge x = 'M' \wedge d = i \wedge \neg \exists <p,a,g> \in \text{Dependent} (s = p))) \}$$

Tuple Relational Calculus (119)

$$\{t \mid \exists e \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists d \in \text{Department} \ (t.\text{Iname} = e.\text{Iname} \wedge t.\text{dname} = d.\text{dname} \wedge e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \wedge \neg \exists c \in \text{Dependent} (e.\text{ssn} = c.\text{essn}))) \}$$

Relational Algebra [in RC/SQL style] (109)

$$\begin{aligned} e &\leftarrow \text{Employee} \\ d &\leftarrow \text{Department} \\ c &\leftarrow \text{Dependent} \\ A &\leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname, ssn} \ (\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ (e \times d)) \\ W &\leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname, ssn} \ A \bowtie a.\text{ssn} = c.\text{essn} \ C \\ T &\leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname} \ (A - W) \end{aligned}$$

Relational Algebra [in “native” (and underspecified) style] (102)

$$A \leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname} \ (\sigma \text{ sex} = 'M' \ (\text{Employee} \bowtie \text{dno} = \text{dnumber} \ \text{Department}))$$

English (82)

List the last name and department number of all male employees without dependents.

SQL - aliased (127)

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{SELECT e.Iname, d.dname} \\ &\text{FROM Employee e, Department d} \\ &\text{WHERE e.sex = 'M'} \\ &\quad \text{and e.dno = d.dnumber} \\ &\quad \text{and e.ssn not in (SELECT essn} \\ &\quad \text{FROM Dependent)} \end{aligned}$$

Domain Relational Calculus (84)

$$\{<I,n> \mid \exists <I,f,s,x,d> \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists <n,i,m> \in \text{Department} \ (\wedge x = 'M' \wedge d = i \wedge \sim \exists <p,a,g> \in \text{Dependent} (s = p)))\}$$

Tuple Relational Calculus (119)

$$\{t \mid \exists e \in \text{Employee} \ (\exists d \in \text{Department} \ (t.\text{Iname} = e.\text{Iname} \wedge t.\text{dname} = d.\text{dname} \wedge e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \wedge \sim \exists c \in \text{Dependent} (e.\text{ssn} = c.\text{essn})))\}$$

Relational Algebra [in RC/SQL style] (109)

$e \leftarrow \text{Employee}$
 $d \leftarrow \text{Department}$
 $c \leftarrow \text{Dependent}$
 $A \leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname, ssn} \ (\sigma e.\text{sex} = 'M' \wedge e.\text{dno} = d.\text{dnumber} \ (e \times d))$
 $W \leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname, ssn} \ A \bowtie \text{Dependent} \ a.\text{ssn} = c.\text{essn}$
 $T \leftarrow \Pi \text{Iname, dname} \ (A - W)$

English (82)

List the last name and department number of all male employees without dependents.

SQL - aliased (127)

```
SELECT e.Iname, d.dname
FROM Employee e, Department d
WHERE e.sex = 'M'
    and e.dno = d.dnumber
    and e.ssn not in (SELECT essn
                        FROM Dependent)
```

QBE (34)

EMPL	ssn	Iname	sex	dno
	_s	_I	M	_d
DEPT	dnumber	dname	mgrssn	
	_d	_n		
DEPN	essn	depname		
~	_s			
RESULT	Iname	dname		
	P._I	P._n		