

Theory of Network Communication

Fall 2002

Assignment 7

Problem 17 (5 points):

Prove that when using the cut-and-paste strategy with n units, the location of every object can be determined in at most $O(\log n)$ computations. (Hint: it suffices to show that every object is replaced at most $O(\log n)$ times when increasing the system one by one from 1 to n units; replaying these hops gives the time bound for the computations.)

Also, show that for every perfectly faithful strategy it holds: If the number of units grows one by one from 1 to n , then on average an object has to be replaced $\Omega(\log n)$ times. (Hint: compute the total number of object replacements, and divide it by the number of objects.)

Problem 18 (3 points):

Suggest an algorithm and a data structure for the SHARE strategy that allows it to compute the location of an object in $O(\log n)$ steps.