



4. ECB and CBC are both modes of operation of block ciphers that allow for random access decryption in long ciphertexts. Explain how and why this works for each of ECB and CBC. Why does random access decryption not work for OFB mode?

5. Given a network of  $n$  mixes, how many of the mixes (in terms of  $n$ ) must collaborate to compromise the linkability between sender and receiver in synchronous communications? Justify your answer. Why does the attack not work in asynchronous communication?

6. According to Dr. Gary McGraw, most security problems in software are caused by what 2 things? What is the ratio of the two things to each other?



10. Alice and Bob wish to share a symmetric key. One way to do this is for them to run Diffie Hellman. Another way, if they already have each others' public RSA keys, is simply for them to use public key encryption to exchange a key. Compare and contrast these two approaches. Which one is more secure? Is there a way to make the RSA scheme more secure than the naive approach of just having Alice encrypt a random key with Bob's public key and sign it? If so, give a protocol for that. (8 points)