

# C++ STL Introduction

Ben Langmead

ben.langmead@gmail.com

www.langmead-lab.org



Source markdown available at [github.com/BenLangmead/c-cpp-notes](https://github.com/BenLangmead/c-cpp-notes)

# C++ STL Introduction

Standard Template Library (STL) is C++'s library of useful data structures & algorithms

- Like `java.util/java.lang`
- Like Python sets, dictionaries, collections

Templates are covered in detail later in the course; we'll give them a quick look now

# C++: Templates

Templates are a way of writing an object (Node) or function (print\_list) to work with *any* type

You simultaneously define a *family* of related objects/functions

# C++: Templates

```
struct Node {  
    T payload; // 'T' is placeholder for a type  
    Node *next;  
};
```

```
void print_list(Node *head) {  
    Node *cur = head;  
    while(cur != NULL) {  
        cout << cur->payload << " ";  
        cur = cur->next;  
    }  
    cout << endl;  
}
```

We could replace T with int, float, char, or std::string and this would compile & work

# C++: Templates

```
template<typename T>
struct Node {
    T payload;
    Node *next;
};

template<typename T>
void print_list(Node<T> *head) {
    Node<T> *cur = head;
    while(cur != NULL) {
        cout << cur->payload << " ";
        cur = cur->next;
    }
    cout << endl;
}
```

Same example, using templates

One struct/function, works for (almost) *any* type T

# C++: Template primer

```
int main() {  
    Node<float> f3 = {95.1f, NULL}; // float payload  
    Node<float> f2 = {48.7f, &f3}; // float payload  
    Node<float> f1 = {24.3f, &f2}; // float payload  
    print_list(&f1);  
  
    Node<int> i2 = {239, NULL}; // int payload  
    Node<int> i1 = {114, &i2}; // int payload  
    print_list(&i1);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
$ g++ -c ll_template_cpp.cpp -std=c++11 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra  
$ g++ -o ll_template_cpp ll_template_cpp.o  
$ ./ll_template_cpp  
24.3 48.7 95.1  
114 239
```

With STL we use types like `vector<string>`

We read that type as “a vector *of* strings”

- `vector<string>` – a vector of `std::strings`
- `vector<float>` – a vector of floats
- `map<string, int>` – a structure that maps `std::strings` to `ints`

Similar to Java generics