1. Distribution of documents and images for LDA topics.

![Graph showing the distribution of documents and images for LDA topics.]

2. Word-to-vector models trained on a collection of biomedical research articles (from OpenI [http://openi.nlm.nih.gov/]) and radiology reports, and radiology reports only. Search words (with quotes) and their closest words in vector-space cosine similarity (higher the better) are listed in a descending order.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&quot;cyst&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;heart&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;brain&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;liver&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cysts 0.799191</td>
<td>cardiac 0.672690</td>
<td>hemispheric 0.684149</td>
<td>hepatic 0.764163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydatid 0.734686</td>
<td>respiratory 0.644453</td>
<td>hemispheric 0.668626</td>
<td>spleen 0.683242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cystic 0.701855</td>
<td>beat 0.642630</td>
<td>cerebellum 0.663902</td>
<td>cirrhosis 0.664428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unicellular 0.654273</td>
<td>pressure 0.558879</td>
<td>whole 0.661564</td>
<td>portal 0.610437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>taliguit 0.639764</td>
<td>murmurr 0.551323</td>
<td>regions 0.647632</td>
<td>hcc 0.656473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonparasitic 0.621647</td>
<td>systolic 0.548490</td>
<td>mri 0.646674</td>
<td>nonparasitic 0.597169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>epidermoid 0.604492</td>
<td>pericardial 0.538957</td>
<td>structural 0.638171</td>
<td>parenchyma 0.597169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lipoma 0.588372</td>
<td>dobutamine 0.537429</td>
<td>neuroanatomical 0.636563</td>
<td>splenic 0.597957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cheesy 0.586947</td>
<td>intracardiac 0.533799</td>
<td>crinion 0.626951</td>
<td>hepatoceleal 0.603930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multiloculated 0.584199</td>
<td>great 0.532735</td>
<td>in 0.626707</td>
<td>hepatomegaly 0.573687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pearly 0.583126</td>
<td>rate 0.531352</td>
<td>parasagittal 0.613892</td>
<td>tumor 0.571135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multilocular 0.582670</td>
<td>beats 0.524729</td>
<td>illustration 0.610440</td>
<td>abdomen 0.559902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lesion 0.579009</td>
<td>atrial 0.520452</td>
<td>striatal 0.609282</td>
<td>hepatectomy 0.556156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tgdcl 0.578533</td>
<td>tachycardia 0.521093</td>
<td>brains 0.607442</td>
<td>bcll 0.546798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multiseptate 0.575851</td>
<td>minute 0.520249</td>
<td>behavioral 0.606803</td>
<td>subcapsular 0.542745</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Table showing word-to-vector models with corresponding cosine similarity scores.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&quot;cyst&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;heart&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;brain&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;liver&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cysts 0.768382</td>
<td>lungs 0.526600</td>
<td>t1 0.615066</td>
<td>spleen 0.759884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>septated 0.586067</td>
<td>mediastinum 0.517008</td>
<td>mri 0.595027</td>
<td>gallbladder 0.648075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polypr 0.583876</td>
<td>consolidating 0.486605</td>
<td>sagittal 0.580841</td>
<td>hepatomegaly 0.642022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simple 0.534717</td>
<td>pa 0.494816</td>
<td>flair 0.565445</td>
<td>gallstones 0.611837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>septation 0.500951</td>
<td>chest 0.433652</td>
<td>t2 0.550553</td>
<td>pancreas 0.608356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parapelvic 0.500877</td>
<td>infiltrates 0.428404</td>
<td>axial 0.554040</td>
<td>gallstone 0.606063</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>incidental 0.500760</td>
<td>hyperinfiltrated 0.413326</td>
<td>spgr 0.520954</td>
<td>steatosis 0.601081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>small 0.497211</td>
<td>cardiomegaly 0.410785</td>
<td>weighted 0.502047</td>
<td>dome 0.594812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cystic 0.477632</td>
<td>hyperlucent 0.400836</td>
<td>technique 0.487768</td>
<td>portal 0.570008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pole 0.471933</td>
<td>pectus 0.396142</td>
<td>astrocytoma 0.480527</td>
<td>ascites 0.551869</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multiseptated 0.469851</td>
<td>great 0.395712</td>
<td>gbm 0.479656</td>
<td>hepatosplenomegaly 0.540501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polyps 0.464380</td>
<td>ecatic 0.394560</td>
<td>gradient 0.476593</td>
<td>hepatic 0.537453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>exophytic 0.459088</td>
<td>shifted 0.389205</td>
<td>oligodendrogloma 0.465892</td>
<td>cirrhosis 0.530389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyperdense 0.457558</td>
<td>ray 0.389091</td>
<td>postcontrast 0.463686</td>
<td>fatty 0.522134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mucous 0.448427</td>
<td>infiltrate 0.387224</td>
<td>3d 0.458123</td>
<td>kidneys 0.515252</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Systematic Diagrams

(1) Document-level topic modeling, training CNNs to learn to classify images into the topics

![Diagram showing document-level topic modeling and deep convolutional neural network]
(2) Document-level 2nd-hierarchy topic modeling, training CNNs to learn to classify images into the topics.
(3) Sentence-level topic modeling, training CNNs to learn to classify images into the topics
(4) "word2vector" deep model, training a CNN to model image to word vectors
(5) Term predicting flow-chart: given a new image, (i) classify the image into different levels of topic categories, (ii) map the image as a word-vector, (iii) find a word from each topic terms (keywords) having closest distance to the word-vector output (iv) to describe the image.
4. Benefits of using ImageNet dataset as pre-training for this task with medical images and improvements of fine-tuning from CNN neural networks of similar tasks (e.g., from document-level-h1 CNN model to document-level-h2 CNN model)

(2.1) document-level-h1 image-topic classification:

Above are the plots of the test accuracy progression along the training iterations (batch size of 50 images), where the weights of CNNs are:
- randomly initialized, AlexNet 8-layers (alexnet_tp80_start_default)
- randomly initialized, VGG-Net 19-layers (vggnet_tp80_start_default)
- fine-tuned from the ImageNet dataset, AlexNet 8-layers (alexnet_tp80_start_imagenet)
- fine-tuned from the ImageNet dataset, VGG-Net 19-layers (vggnet_tp80_start_imagenet)

These plots show that
(i) It is clearly beneficial to fine-tune from the ImageNet dataset even for medical images dataset (from RGB to CT/MRI), especially when the dataset is unbalanced.
(ii) A more complex, deeper CNN model (VGG-Net) performs better than already a good benchmark (AlexNet), but only when starting from a good initialization (i.e., pre-training via ImageNet models)
(iii) CNN testing accuracy increases from ~0% to 50+% quickly in about 1600 iterations due to the unbalanced data amount distribution among classes in document-level-h1. The distribution in document-level-h2 is more balanced.

Note that this may be the largest scale experiment on deep CNN’s cross-modality image generality study.
Above are the plots of the test accuracy progression along the training iterations (batch size of 50 images), where the weights of CNNs (variations of AlexNet 8-layers) are:
- randomly initialized (alexnet_tp80_h2_start_default)
- fine-tuned from the ImageNet dataset (alexnet_tp80_h2_start_imagenet)
- fine-tuned from the document-level-h1 image-topic classification model (alexnet_tp80_h2_start_tp80h1)

These plots show that

(i) Fine-tuning from a good initialization (even cross image modalities) is better than starting from the scratch. (alexnet_tp80_h2_start_imagenet > alexnet_tp80_h2_start_default)

(ii) Fine-tuning from a more closely related task CNN model is even better than fine-tuning from less related task model. (alexnet_tp80_h2_start_tp80h1 > alexnet_tp80_h2_start_imagenet)
The sentence-level image-topic classification accuracy plots using variations of AlexNet 8-layers show that
- It is beneficial to start from ImageNet CNN weights.
- Using the most relevant weights (document-level-h2) task model helps the curve to converge more quickly and reach a higher accuracy, but the final performance difference is less than what previously observed.
## 5. Radiologist’s analysis of document-level 80 topics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class-ID</th>
<th>Document-level-h1 Class Description (by two experienced board-certified Radiologists)</th>
<th>Images #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Most terms refer to DEXA (absorptiometry, nuclear, densitometry) but there are CT images and cross-sectional imaging terms (MRI).</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Interval follow-up on cancer patient, with many cancer tumor images in different body regions (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>10145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Lesions in solid abdominal organs, primarily kidney (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>2335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Chest instrumentation on CT.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>MRI of brain tumor.</td>
<td>266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Abdominal ultrasound.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>PET, PET/CT (mostly chest)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Abdominal MRI in many imaging sequences, but no specific disease terms.</td>
<td>4860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Normal Chest/Abdomen CT images.</td>
<td>361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Interval follow-up on abdominal neoplasm (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>3392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>CT of pulmonary diseases.</td>
<td>2542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Abdomen, brain PET.</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Postsurgical brain MRI.</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Normal brain MRI.</td>
<td>294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Lower extremity MRI (pelvis, knee and legs).</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Brain and spinal MRI (different field of views).</td>
<td>774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Pulmonary diseases (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Breast imaging MRI.</td>
<td>203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Coronary artery calcium scoring (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Renal disease (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Spine degenerative disease (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Metastatic liver disease (CT/MRI) [Primary tumors which metastasize to liver (melanoma, lung) with numerous liver terms.]</td>
<td>5917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Neck CT.</td>
<td>747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Inner ear neoplasm (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Advanced degenerative spine disease CT. [Terms to suggest advanced stage (fracture, compression, deformity, multiple, osteopenia, kyphosis).]</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Anterior skull base neoplasm MRI.</td>
<td>299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>PET.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Cerebellar neoplasm MRI.</td>
<td>224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>DEXA (Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry).</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract disease CT.</td>
<td>1394</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Metastatic diseases (masses, adenopathy, nodules) in Chest and Abdomen (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>3626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Degenerative disc diseases (spine) in MRI.</td>
<td>585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Full body screening of diffuse diseases (MRI/CT).</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Prostate MRI.</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Central venous catheter placement CT.</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>CT performed to detect interval changes, most likely in the postoperative period.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Brain tumor MRI (a small portion of images are PET with lower spatial resolution).</td>
<td>387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>CT performed to acute respiratory symptoms in the setting of a chronic disease.</td>
<td>137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Report headers (MRI/CT of all body regions). [These are terms that appear in almost all reports as headers. It is unclear to the physician why this became a separate category, and how these specific images became linked with this category.]</td>
<td>278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>MRA (MR Angiography) of neck.</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Cardiac stress test CT.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Metastatic disease follow-up examinations (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Brain imaging (MRI/CT).</td>
<td>1149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Interventional procedure, vascular/nonvascular mixed (CT)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Normal Brain MRI.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Lymphadenopathy (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Cross-sectional imaging (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>22687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Sinus diseases (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Follow-up CT imaging with diseases (lymphadenopathy, nodularity, thickening, hypodensity, lesions)</td>
<td>18939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>DEXA (Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry).</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Abdominal cross-sectional CT imaging (normal)</td>
<td>2937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Assessment of disease progression in CT imaging (more/slightly, prominent, greater, extensive, smaller, diffuse, relatively, similar, compared)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>DEXA (Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry).</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>Interpretation of examinations of outside hospital examinations (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>2341</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Venous thrombosis (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>Bone scans (MDP).</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>Lesions with unspecific features and cannot be characterized (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>6625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>Non-standard chest imaging [Terms which indicate view is obstructed] (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>Renal scintigraphy CT.</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>Research study PET.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>Bone age study.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>Brain tumor protocol MRI.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>Live CT/MRI.</td>
<td>348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>Pelvic CT/MRI.</td>
<td>357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>Liver tumor in follow-up studies (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Fluoroscopically guided intervention, lumbar puncture or central venous catheter placement.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>Chest radiograph template.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>Neurofibromatosis protocol imaging (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>Imaging studies for interval changes for chest/liver/brain (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>Arthritis MRI imaging (hand/foot/ankle/joint).</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>Follow-up chest/liver imaging (CT/MRI).</td>
<td>415</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>Image-guided liver biopsy CT.</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>Indeterminant lesion in chest/liver/abdomen (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Reporting critical findings in liver/heart/lung (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>1369</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Instrumentation artifact limiting interpretation (abdomen MRI)</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>Brain MRI imaging.</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>DEXA (Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry).</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Lymphadenopathy, Metastatic diseases (liver/lung/pelvis/kidney/head-neck, CT/MRI).</td>
<td>113037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>Bone metastases (CT/MRI)</td>
<td>428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>Uncertainty/equivocation in imaging diagnosis (cross-section CT/MRI)</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notation:** Class 38 is uncertain why this forms a cluster by LDA document topic model based clustering; Classes 48, 51, 56, 57, 72, 73, 74, 79 indicates the higher level classes of diagnostic/reasoning concepts beyond regular anatomy and pathology findings; all other classes are dominantly based on the anatomy and/or pathology findings, often cross CT/MRI modalities. Rare imaging modalities (e.g., DEXA, ultrasound, Fluoroscopies) performed at the studied hospital have no key images stored in the PACS system.
6. Topics, terms (keywords), images by using LDA topic models on radiology reports

- Note that
  - ** indicates potential higher-level concept
  - * indicates variable suffix
  - degree of confidence that the word cluster represents the concept:
    - 1: low, 2: moderate, 3: high
  - the actual visual diversity is much higher than the sampled images (only for illustration purpose)

**Topic 00:**
- DEXA. 2. [Most terms refer to DEXA (absorptiometry, nuclear, densitometry) but there are CT images and cross-sectional imaging terms (MRI).]
- terms:
  was, performed, protocol, fat, impression, per, research, bone, image, processing, abdomen, were, density, measurements, will, subcutaneous, determine, measurement, volume, patient, obtained, dual, visceral, scheduled, mineral, energy, absorptiometry, initial, given, level, purposes, volunteer, data, analysis, slice, followup, adipose, mri, scan, available, intra-abdominal, medicine, nuclear, appointment, provided, service, did, densitometry, single, images
- images:

**Topic 01:**
- Interval follow-up on cancer patient. 2. (difference, development, mass)
- terms:
  include, findings, evidence, change, not, difference, technique, made, comparison, interim, seen, were, scans, obtained, abdominal, lung, since, intravenous, attributable, injection, indication, enlargement, consistent, mass, developing, previous, due, about, mediastinal, renal, liver, changes, impression, thoracic, splenic, surgery, pelvic, definite, additional, administered, isovue, retroperitoneal, including, development, suggesting, multiple, without, node, from, content
Topic 02:
- Lesions in solid abdominal organs, primarily kidney. 2. [There is a preponderance of kidney terms (kidney, renal, adrenal, pole, vhl, nephrectomy, rcc).]
- terms:
  kidney, renal, adrenal, mass, lesion, lesions, cysts, pole, cystic, solid, cyst, pancreas, pancreatic, abdomen, nephrectomy, multiple, upper, enhancing, liver, lower, masses, small, phase, gland, bilateral, vhl, please, partial, head, evaluate, complex, compare, tail, mid, characterize, imaging, prior, spleen, glands, impression, contrast, rcc, too, tumor, from, arterial, post, consistent, two, largest
- images:
**Topic 03:**
- Chest instrumentation on CT. 3. (tube*, line*, nasogastric, catheter, endotracheal, tip, tracheostomy)
- terms:
  chest, tube, portable, a.m, infiltrates, lung, bilateral, p.m, film, unchanged, line, nasogastric, catheter, endotracheal, x-ray, pneumothorax, view, place, single, findings, central, position, tubes, day, comparison, infiltrate, heart, placement, tip, diffuse, impression, pulmonary, lungs, examination, remains, carina, dated, mediastinum, demonstrates, edema, devices, tracheostomy, lines, change, support, history, from, patient, earlier, above
- images:

![Chest CT Images](image1.png) ![Chest CT Images](image2.png) ![Chest CT Images](image3.png)

**Topic 04:**
- MRI of brain tumor. 3. [Tumor-specific terms (mass, progression, stable, resection) and MR specific terms (mri, flair, tesla, fse, diffusion, gradient, echo, weighted, 1.5, T1-FFE, magnevist).]
- terms:
  axial, contrast, mri, sagittal, post, flair, enhancement, blood, dynamic, brain, relative, volume, this, precontrast, from, tesla, fse, diffusion, gradient, resection, comparisons, maps, philips, progression, some, susceptibility, perfusion, stable, achieve, technique, echo, weighted, 1.5, evidence, mass, findings, hemorrhage, enhanced, impression, frontal, signal, coronal, dti, tumor, t1-FFE, hydrocephalus, magnevist, reformations, bolus, lesion
- images:

![Brain MRI Images](image4.png) ![Brain MRI Images](image5.png) ![Brain MRI Images](image6.png) ![Brain MRI Images](image7.png)
Topic 05:
- Abdominal ultrasound. 3. [Ultrasound specific terms (Doppler, colorflow, duplex, echogenic).]
- terms:
  fluid, collection, evidence, approximate, review, mass, ultrasound, without, perinephric, compatible, conducted, time, suite, nontender, hydronephrosis, real, real-time, overlying, doppler, hematoma, comparison, perihepatic, demonstrated, calculus, definite, span, impression, dilation, since, obscured, main, perisplenic, gas, kidney, kidneys, patient, bowel, flow, color-flow, due, foci, spleen, duplex, focus, minimal, portion, direction, lesser, echogenic, sac
- images:
NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Topic 06:
- PET. 3. [PET specific terms (FDG, activity, uptake, SUV*, hypermetabolic, glucose/administration).]
- terms:
  fdg, was, activity, uptake, suv, pet, scan, from, body, attenuation, mci, localization, minutes, upper, focus, correction, hypermetabolic, mg/dl, glucose, administration, maximum, obtained, blood, weight, skull, were, imaging, base, prior, max, abnormal, thighs, after, suvmax, value, region, dose, head, time, physiologic, history, procedure, base, d, which, findings, liver, focal, indication, intense, performed
- images:
**Topic 07:**
- MR, generic. 3. [MR specific terms (MR, t1-weighted, t2-weighted, stir, sequences, gadolinium, 1.5, tesla, gradient, spin, phase, hyperintense) though no disease terms.]
  - terms:
    mri, axial, signal, coronal, images, imaging, t1-weighted, t2-weighted, fat, sequences, stir, magnevist, echo, gadolinium, findings, enhancement, technique, intensity, marrow, sequence, 1.5, tesla, impression, prior, contrast, comparison, was, bright, history, without, weighted, gradient, saturation, suppression, fast, post, spin, phase, following, evidence, series, hyperintense, fat-suppressed, after, done, including, administration, out, muscle, characteristic
  - images:

**Topic 08:**
- CT, not otherwise specified. 2. [No specific disease terms. Terms appear “positive” (normal, within/limits, otherwise, free).]
  - terms:
    normal, within, limits, structures, impression, heart, mediastinum, lungs, soft, tissues, osseous, size, clear, evidence, bony, comparison, chest, intact, vessels, disease, bones, upper, great, seen, visualized, appear, otherwise, negative, active, findings, abdomen, free, age, none, evaluation, appearance, organs, lat, available, top, pbsct, radiographic, pre-transplant, other, studies, abnormalities, cxr, thorax, apicies, present
  - images:
**Topic 09:**
- Follow-up on abdominal neoplasm. 2. [Terms regarding change (unchanged, changes, comparison) imply a follow-up examination.]
- terms:
  - abdomen, chest, size, small, pelvis, pelvic, contrast, liver, procedure, without, adenopathy, complication, lesions, focal, administered, enteric, mass, isovue, 300, during, findings, apparent, unchanged, negative, spleen, about, infusion, few, 130, lungs, lung, impression, retroperitoneum, adrenal, lesion, density, post, changes, comparison, low, postcontrast, bowel, mediastinal, kidneys, retroperitoneal, glands, stable, attenuation, masses, mesentery, upper
- images:

**Topic 10:**
- CT of pulmonary disease. 3.
- terms:
  - lobe, lung, upper, lower, chest, pulmonary, infiltrate, middle, scarring, disease, findings, consolidation, new, impression, nodular, interstitial, infiltrates, mediastinal, nodules, resolution, bronchiectasis, bilateral, calcified, lungs, fibrosis, opacities, nodule, areas, high, pleural, atelectasis, linear, lobes, mediastinum, hilar, parenchymal, comparison, focal, density, scattered, calcifications, opacity, without, patchy, densities, prone, contrast, small, history, noncontrast
- images:
Topic 11:
- PET/CT. 3.
- terms:
  uptake, pet, today, increased, fdg, patient, images, this, show, radionuclide, approximately, was, intravenous, prior, following, f-
18, administration, mci, tissue, torso, not, localization, hour, abnormal, done, nih, were, which, impression, pet/ct , tracer, suv, one, has, performed, glucose, those, only, comment, attenuation, about, corresponding, blood, appears, measured, purposes, data, correction, similar, radiopharmaceutical
- images:
**Topic 12:**
- Postsurgical brain. 2. [Lesion descriptors often associated with surgical/radiation changes (sclerosis, infarct, hemorrhage).]
- terms:
  lesions, multiple, lesion, sclerosis, appear, enhancing, findings, contrast, mri, brain, new, these, prior, technique, evidence, comparison, periventricular, following, impression, white, multisequence, identified, major, matter, mild, protocol, injection, multiplanar, foci, enhancement, moderate, intracranial, prominent, infarct, patent, normal, orbits, air, ventricles, infratentorial, hemorrhage, sulci, mass, paranasal, mastoid, present, typical, inflammation, juxtacortical, volume
- images:

![Images](image1.jpg) ![Images](image2.jpg) ![Images](image3.jpg) ![Images](image4.jpg)

**Topic 13:**
- Brain MRI. 3. [Brain anatomic terms (brain, ventricles, sulci, hemispheres, cisterns, paranasal, cerebral, flow/voids, orbits, globes) without disease terms.]
- terms:
  normal, axial, brain, ventricles, mri, technique, matter, sagittal, contrast, signal, findings, impression, white, midline, sulci, configuration, flair, shift, mass, effect, parenchymal, size, hemispheres, tesla, cisterns, unremarkable, history, symmetric, grossly, sinuses, paranasal, volunteer, cerebral, vascular, signa, abnormalities, gray, flow, voids, 1.5, clear, orbits, demarcation, globes, without, evidence, abnormal, fse, gradient, proton
- images:

![Images](image5.jpg) ![Images](image6.jpg) ![Images](image7.jpg) ![Images](image8.jpg)
**Topic 14:**
- Lower extremity MRI. 3.
- terms:
  - bones, lower, long, distal, lateral, tibia, extremities, proximal, skull, extremity, views, femur, both, osteopenia, dysplasia, fibula, bilateral, view, fracture, femurs, upper, bone, fibrous, findings, leg, pelvis, osteogenesis, femoral, imperfecta, deformity, growth, diffuse, tibial, feet, lesions, bowing, intramedullary, hips, skeletal, mid, seen, marked, femora, bilaterally, tibias, mild, survey, impression, evidence, rod
- images:

**Topic 15:**
- Brain MRI, NOS. 2. [Many brain MRI terms but no disease terms.]
- terms:
  - identified, examination, was, brain, abnormalities, performed, noted, were, findings, technique, techniques, using, also, impression, obtained, t2-weighted, described, focal, normal, contrast, abnormality, scans, above, imaging, intravenous, magnetic, resonance, material, ventricles, both, administration, parenchyma, cerebral, after, present, hemispheres, signal, this, images, evidence, other, previous, pre, enhancement, postcontrast, appreciated, pathological, remaining, cerebellum, intensity
- images:
Topic 16:
- Pulmonary disease. 3.
- terms:
  pleural, chest, lung, effusion, atelectasis, fluid, small, base, pneumothorax, lower, lateral, effusions, density, costophrenic, increased, bilateral, angle, apical, hemidiaphragm, thickening, apex, blunting, loculated, linear, upper, wall, hemithorax, findings, increasing, infiltrate, minimal, consolidation, basilar, pericardial, impression, moderate, scarring, air, changes, tubes, elevation, may, subcutaneous, due, mesothelioma, along, postoperative, posterior, right-sided, removal
- images:
**Topic 17:**
- Breast imaging. 3.
- terms:
  breast, performed, suspicious, breasts, seen, impression, mass, screening, mammogram, dated, annual, cancer, mri, benign, bilateral, was, bi-rads, mammograms, negative, dense, history, calcifications, images, views, studies, quadrant, mammography, volume, organ, aspect, suggested, category, mastectomy, before, tissue, enhancement, microcalcifications, heterogeneously, prior, family, examination, recommend, malignancy, high, suggest, outer, masses, developing, clip, patient
- images:

![Images related to breast imaging](image1)

**Topic 18:**
- Coronary artery calcium scoring. 3.
- terms:
  coronary, artery, aorta, aortic, calcification, cardiac, calcium, arch, descending, vessel, heart, small, main, was, lad, mild, plaque, score, narrowing, valve, findings, causing, normal, atherosclerotic, without, arteries, protocol, contrast, calcified, moderate, rca, significant, lcx, diameter, anterior, atherosclerosis, using, proximal, this, caliber, ascending, wall, structure, root, per, non-calcified, technique, calcifications, size, agatston
- images:

![Images related to coronary artery calcium scoring](image2)
Topic 19:
- Renal disease, mixed imaging modalities. 3.
- terms:
  kidney, normal, kidneys, measures, renal, dimension, hydronephrosis, impression, ultrasound, seen, pole, craniocaudal, cyst, lesions, lam, solid, transplant, cystic, both, evidence, appear, echogenic, echogenicity, spleen, patient, stones, system, medullary, present, lower, small, upper, craniocaudal, collecting, flow, size, increased, vein, calculus, nephrocalcinosis, length, pyramids, stone, cysts, about, diameter, shows, previous, mid, appears
- images:

Topic 20:
- Spine degenerative disease. 3.
- terms:
  spine, degenerative, changes, narrowing, cervical, lumbar, lateral, mild, space, disc, disk, normal, joints, thoracic, minimal, evidence, joint, calcification, moderate, facet, pelvis, disease, findings, lumbosacral, views, loss, spaces, osteophytes, lower, hypertrophic, bilateral, sacroiliac, view, severe, anterior, diffuse, impression, spondylolisthesis, spondylosis, l5-s1, levels, bony, osteopenia, hips, sclerosis, alkaptonuria, history, hypertrophy, subluxation, osteophyte
- images:
**Topic 21:**
- Metastatic liver disease. 2. [Primary tumors which metastasize to liver (melanoma, lung) with numerous liver terms.]
  - terms:
    image, series, nodule, lobe, lesion, nodules, liver, seen, size, lesions, prior, small, lower, example, multiple, measuring, hepatic, one, anterior, posterior, enhancing, from, approximately, segment, mass, two, adjacent, these, images, larger, smaller, largest, inferior, best, see, metastases, measures, tiny, also, above, aspect, masses, diameter, increase, other, increased, dome, lung, melanoma, which
  - images:

**Topic 22:**
- Neck CT. 3.
  - terms:
    neck, unremarkable, thyroid, soft glands, lymphadenopathy, portions, gland, submandibular, parotid, cervical, lymph, contrast, tissue, mass, tissues, visualized, findings, technique, axial, nodes, clear, airway, level, identified, enlarged, mediastinum, scan, base, included, from, impression, performed, pathologic, administration, node, 2.5, masses, side, sinuses, mandible, upper, salivary, intravenous, larynx, mastoid, jugular, paranasal, patent, mouth
  - images:
Topic 23:
- Inner ear neoplasm. 3.
- terms:
  internal, axial, auditory, normal, flair, abnormal, canal, ear, present, inner, mri, cerebellar, middle, temporal, brain, canals, cranial, technique, fluid, meningioma, expected, findings, indication, vestibular, enhancement, lesions, bone, configuration, nor, extra-axial, contents, images, performed, mass, impression, ears, angle, endolymphatic, structures, schwannoma, petrous, folia, postcontrast, bilaterally, collections, iac, hemorrhage, obtained, cochlea, schwannomas
- images:
**Topic 24:**
- Advanced degenerative spine disease. 3. [Terms to suggest advanced stage (fracture, compression, deformity, multiple, osteopenia, kyphosis).]
  - terms:
    - spine, vertebral, thoracic, scoliosis, rib, lumbar, body, fracture, lateral, compression, bodies, fractures, thoracolumbar, ribs, deformity, anterior, evidence, lower, findings, multiple, upper, vertebrae, mild, history, from, vertebra, healed, height, t12, degrees, mid, osteopenia, column, kyphosis, curvature, loss, about, view, posterior, anomaly, healing, minimal, deformities, series, views, t11, fusion, convexity, anomalies, convex
  - images:

**Topic 25:**
- Anterior skull base neoplasm. 3.
  - terms:
    - pituitary, optic, gland, coronal, sagittal, enhancement, postcontrast, cavernous, sella, normal, contrast, chiasm, adenoma, nerve, suprasellar, orbit, sinus, mri, nerves, orbits, t1-weighted, cushing, technique, lesion, within, findings, unremarkable, impression, size, stalk, syndrome, pre, ectopic, history, brain, post, mass, this, infundibulum, fat, magnevist, globe, sphenoid, side, post-contrast, region, portions, midline, homogeneously, evidence
  - images:
**Topic 26:**
- PET. 2. [Terms refer predominantly refer to PET (uptake, FDG, PET, foci, SUV,dL, minutes).]
  - terms:
    - uptake, patient, was, scan, seen, increased, this, that, injection, fdg, imaged, note, not, focus, from, had, mild, upper, pet, performed, foci, previous, starting, also, please, suv, diagnostic, only, prior, mg/dl, attenuation, following, does, above, small, quality, head, region, mci, areas, correction, purposes, before, minutes, arms, area, approximately, abnormal, used, maximum
  - images:

**Topic 27:**
- Cerebellar neoplasm. 3.
  - terms:
    - posterior, fossa, enhancing, edema, cerebellar, lesion, brain, ventricle, small, hemangioblastoma, hemangioblastomas, hemisphere, lateral, cerebellum, associated, axial, cyst, aspect, fourth, vhl, this, post, size, von, supratentorial, tumor, effect, evidence, shunt, punctate, identified, lesions, enhancement, contrast, mri, hippel-lindau, sac, postoperative, cystic, findings, craniectomy, suboccipital, postcontrast, technique, endolymphatic, along, pre, these, third, occipital
  - images:
**Topic 28:**
- DEXA. 3.
- terms: body, fat, total, whole, region, composition, bmd, bone, includes, bmc, used, lean, was, head, mass, subtotal, grams, mineral, ~grams, patient, were, measured, weight, height, values, age, compares, dual, average, following, content, determine, obtained, instrument, absorptiometry, z-score, energy, entire, t-score, excluding, date, number, ’92s, accession, impression, men, women, postmenopausal, time, same
- images: NO IMAGES AVAILABLE

**Topic 29:**
- Gastrointestinal tract disease. 3.
- terms: bowel, abdomen, colon, small, air, abdominal, quadrant, fluid, upper, contrast, obstruction, gas, wall, pelvis, loops, stomach, free, evidence, distal, lower, peritoneal, amount, material, gastric, pattern, ascites, distention, dilated, findings, large, thickening, clips, esophagus, surgical, upright, distended, impression, seen, proximal, nonspecific, supine, rectum, duodenum, multiple, sigmoid, filled, barium, hernia, loop, dilatation
- images:
**Topic 30:**
- Metastatic disease. 2. (masses, adenopathy, nodules)
  - terms: abdomen, pelvis, chest, contrast, performed, oral, was, present, masses, stable, intravenous, adenopathy, liver, retroperitoneal, comparison, administration, scans, 130, small, parenchymal, mediastinal, dated, after, which, evidence, were, pulmonary, made, adrenal, prior, pelvic, without, cysts, spleen, mass, disease, multiple, isovue-300, obtained, areas, consistent, nodules, changes, pleural, lesions, following, abdominal, that, hilar, axillary
  - images:

![Images](image1.jpg)

**Topic 31:**
- Degenerative disc disease (spine). 3.
  - terms: spine, cord, cervical, thoracic, spinal, level, canal, lumbar, sagittal, vertebral, neural, disc, signal, mri, body, technique, levels, findings, foramina, mild, disk, nerve, within, small, marrow, central, bodies, normal, impression, enhancing, conus, syrinx, this, narrowing, lesions, roots, contrast, throughout, bone, degenerative, foramen, protrusion, multiple, l5-s1, also, abnormal, c5-c6, posterior, changes, heights
  - images:

![Images](image2.jpg)
**Topic 32:**
- Full body screening of diffuse disease. 1. (screen*, syndrome, hodgkins, unknown)
- terms:
  - clinical, reason, information, comparison, findings, impression, examination, protocol, 2009, 2008, none, melanoma, r/o, 2007, syndrome, per, please, screening, evaluate, followup, f/u, 2010, s/p, disease, patient, h/o, eval, lat, screen, needs, evaluation, given, baseline, dependence, alcohol, ocular, hyper, hcl, y/o, job, hodgkins, consult, assess, ige, routine, need, part, visit, here, unknown
- images:

**Topic 33:**
- Prostate MRI. 3.
- terms:
  - mri, lesion, prostate, peripheral, zone, gland, obtained, were, this, positive, has, coil, mid, weighted, spectroscopy, seminal, present, dce, adc, volume, low, disease, images, central, scans, diffusion, vesicles, bony, maps, ece, t1-weighted, normal, nodal, image, lesions, cancer, bladder, axial, greatest, which, apical, residual, demonstrates, anterior, was, t2w, urine, dimension, t2-weighted, using
- images:
Topic 34:
- Central venous catheter placement.

- The images are from CT's, however this words in this word cluster are more strongly associated with radiographs.

- terms:
tip, catheter, line, vena, cava, superior, venous, central, picc, atrium, chest, junction, svc, its, position, insertion, placement, single, level, findings, view, subclavian, jugular, pneumothorax, verify, post-picc, over, upper, entering, port-a-cath, from, vein, right-sided, left-sided, region, near, radiograph, enters, frontal, impression, other, evidence, repositioning, internal, mediastinal, contours, demonstrates, post, placed, place

- images:
**Topic 35:**
- CT performed to detect interval change, most likely in the postoperative period. 2.
- terms:
  - stable, unchanged, change, since, interval, significant, again, impression, compared, prior, changes, findings, comparison, appearance, remains, new, remain, without, examination, abnormal, bilateral, postsurgical, dated, postoperative, follow, developing, from, essentially, otherwise, follow-up, other, likely, mild, differences, when, technique, previously, diffuse, overall, minimally, probably, persistent, including, throughout, seen, scattered, bilaterally, allowing, surgical, redemonstration
- images:

![CT Images](image1.jpg)

**Topic 36:**
- Brain tumor. 3.
- terms:
  - lobe, frontal, cavity, tumor, enhancement, perfusion, temporal, blood, increased, postoperative, signal, cerebral, parietal, abnormal, surgical, volume, out, adjacent, scan, this, brain, rule, lateral, gradient, echo, also, enhancing, within, changes, performed, ventricle, progression, high, white, surrounding, matter, lesion, mass, lobes, hemisphere, basal, mri, postcontrast, infiltrative, occipital, areas, imaging, corpus, hemorrhage, ganglia
- images:

![MRI Images](image2.jpg)
Topic 37:
- CT performed to acute respiratory symptoms in the setting of a chronic disease. 2. [There are several words indicative of acute respiratory symptoms (pain, infection, now, acute, cough, onset, edema, fever) in the background of multiple different diseases which are unrelated to one another (sickle, lymphoma, transplant, aplastic, cgd.).]
- terms:
  out, rule, history, cell, pain, lymphoma, findings, transplant, disease, new, fever, please, impression, infection, evidence, male, patient, anemia, post, s/p, sickle, now, acute, chronic, old, reason, female, year, hiv, cough, y/o, onset, evaluate, aplastic, recent, stem, leukemia, abscess, pneumonia, r/o, neutropenic, severe, diffuse, h/o, ago, comparison, cgd, edema, days, fevers
- images:

Topic 38:
- Report headers. 3. [These are terms that appear in almost all reports as headers. It is unclear to me why this became a separate category, and how these specific images became linked with this category.]
- terms:
  exam, into, entered, clinician, cris, ordering, reason, mrn, findings, comparison, impression, 2011, 2012, 2013, protocol, none, 2010, s, evidence, please, r/o, normal, patient, technique, evaluate, s/p, per, baseline, f/u, eval, restaging, bilateral, h/o, evaluation, july, june, screening, august, visit, september, april, october, non, need, assess, screen, november, march, ??s, february
- images:
**Topic 39:**
- MRA of neck. 2. [Most terms/images refer to neck MRA, but several thyroid terms are also included which may have been described as incidental findings in a neck MR.]
- terms:
thyroid, artery, carotid, arteries, internal, parathyroid, mra, stenosis, lobe, posterior, vascular, segment, normal, cerebral, impression, anterior, vertebral, gland, circle, willis, angiography, vessels, proximal, middle, distal, evidence, adenoma, circulation, aneurysm, time, angiogram, both, goiter, neck, isthmus, bifurcation, intracranial, basilar, origin, lobes, hypoechoic, flight, hyperparathyroidism, seen, visualized, multinodular, time-of-flight, enlarged, inferior, involving
- images:

**Topic 40:**
- Cardiac stress test. 3. [Unclear how CT images are related to words from a cardiac stress test.]
- terms:
was, patient, normal, rest, exercise, peak, baseline, stress, were, images, myocardial, history, mci, perfusion, imaging, heart, rate, has, motion, impression, ventricular, injection, minutes, procedure, had, size, fraction, ejection, this, during, increased, blood, ventricle, mmhg, technique, performed, pressure, findings, artifact, injected, significant, minute, thallium-201, per, wall, showed, after, total, she, beats
**Topic 41:**
- Metastatic disease follow-up examination. 2. [There are several unrelated primary tumors mentioned (melanoma, prostate, sarcoma, renal, thyroidectomy, ewing), but many other words suggests multifocal metastatic disease (metasta*, recurren*, mets, multiple, masses).]
- terms:
  - metastatic, post, cancer, metastases, disease, history, evidence, status, metastasis, surgical, carcinoma, resection, recurrent, impression, surgery, melanoma, prostate, cell, changes, bed, residual, radiation, findings, sarcoma, patient, s/p, mets, thyroidectomy, clips, thyroid, therapy, recurrence, treatment, male, renal, operative, tumor, comparison, restaging, site, multiple, ewing, baseline, status-post, medullary, suggest, masses, postsurgical, bone, female
- images:

**Topic 42:**
- Brain imaging, NOS. 2. [This cluster has a few words that specifically refer to MR (sagittal, mri, flair), but several images are CT.]
- terms:
  - axial, seen, brain, stable, normal, sagittal, within, hemorrhage, bilaterally, air, history, mri, performed, were, cells, mastoid, technique, midline, comparison, contrast, findings, orbits, postcontrast, globes, shift, sinuses, images,
arana, well, pre, ventricles, acute, flair, intracranial, mild, mass, post, matter, pneumatized, that, impression, loss, size, differentiation, margins, gray-white, head, clinical, tissues, elevated

- images:

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**Topic 43:**

- Interventional procedure, vascular/nonvascular mixed. 3. [This cluster has vascular interventional terms (artery, sheathal, femoral, infusion) and nonvascular terms (drainage).]

- terms:
  - was, artery, hepatic, patient, catheter, vein, from, into, this, performed, were, contrast, common, injection, venous, sheath, that, after, then, procedure, had, femoral, french, arterial, placed, inferior, minutes, showed, infusion, celiac, given, through, used, balloon, because, internal, jugular, following, melphalan, drainage, which, under, during, superior, advanced, well, catheters, filtration, tpa, patent

- images:
**Topic 44:**
- Brain MRI, NOS. 3. [This cluster contains a few words in a normal brain MR report template (unremarkable, normal).]
- terms: axial, brain, unremarkable, images, t1-weighted, were, clear, sagittal, administration, mri, contrast, normal, without, acquired, identified, ventricles, sulci, mastoid, cells, air, infarct, flair, their, matter, material, contents, t2-weighted, mass, indication, hemorrhage, cerebellar, orbits, intravascular, not, comparison, white, technique, paranasal, age, signal, patient, within, abnormal, findings, sinuses, prominent, flow, impression, magnum, foramen
- images:

**Topic 45:**
- Lymphadenopathy. 3.
- terms: nodes, lymph, node, small, adenopathy, axillary, neck, bilateral, enlarged, inguinal, iliac, cervical, supraclavicular, axilla, retroperitoneal, mediastinal, mesenteric, multiple, lymphoma, subcarinal, external, spleen, chest, paratracheal, measuring, mediastinum, hilir, size, largest, region, periaortic, abdomen, few, large, anterior, subcentimeter, pelvis, several, impression, splenomegaly, thymus, hilum, also, bilaterally, upper, level, calcified, cll, history, 1.5
- images:

**Topic 46:**
- Cross-sectional imaging. 1. [This cluster does not contain specific terms to strongly suggest a category.]
- terms:
  unremarkable, structures, skeletal, findings, abdomen, imaged, series, technique, adenopathy, pelvis, chest, scan, new, noted, within, this, visualized, performed, cardiac, compatible, comparison, effusion, pericardial, otherwise, which, pulmonary, oral, impression, intravenous, contrast, thoracic, hilar, pleural, upper, portions, non-cardiac, cts, after, pancreas, reason, axillary, mediastinal, sub, spleen, adrenals, above, separately, prior, subcentimeter, free
- images:
**Topic 47:**
- Sinus disease. 3.
- terms:
  - sinus, maxillary, sinuses, mucosal, thickening, ethmoid, paranasal, air, retention, bone, cells, sphenoid, clear, frontal, findings, technique, unremarkable, impression, cyst, axial, mild, sinusitis, fluid, algorithm, orbits, mastoid, minimal, reconstructions, coronal, opacification, mucous, 2.5, intracranial, tissue, mucus, bilateral, through, comparison, bilaterally, swelling, soft, air-fluid, levels, nasal, cerebrum, portions, contrast, without, contents, visualized
- images:

![Images related to sinus disease](image1.jpg)

**Topic 48:**
- Follow-up imaging, NOS. 1. (features, lymphadenopathy, comparison, thickening, nodularity, increased)
- terms:
  - unchanged, exam, prior, normal, series, abdomen, features, lymphadenopathy, last, image, similar, pelvis, minimal, chest, since, indication, which, examination, technique, contrast, comparison, postoperative, thickening, such, enhancement, bone, lymph, nodularity, small, lung, window, loops, lower, iliac, moderate, identified, pleural, regions, this, increased, assessment, upper, portion, from, liver, nodes, hypodensity, lesions, bowel, axis
- images:

![Images related to follow-up imaging](image2.jpg)
Topic 49:
- DEXA. 3.
- terms:
t-score, gm/cm, bmd, z-score, bone, femur, minus, spine, mass, age, normal, were, values, average, 2.5, patient, score, used, adult, was, 1.0, may, densitometry, persons, lateral, peak, density, years, wards, patients, below, hip, trochanter, intertrochanter, total, impression, young, energy, absorptiometry, determine, dual, femoral, neck, instrument, following, same, obtained, made, population, comparisons
- images:
NO IMAGES AVAILABLE

Topic 50:
- Abdominal cross-sectional imaging, NOS. 2. [No specific terms to suggest a particular process or disease.]
- terms:
unremarkable, abdomen, contrast, pelvis, adenopathy, chest, oral, administered, was, spleen, liver, technique, adrenal, pelvic, small, pancreas, bladder, kidneys, lymphadenopathy, glands, were, mediastinal, normal, gallbladder, date, without, comparison, examination, retroperitoneal, intravenous, axial, images, unchanged, obtained, 130, findings, lesions, bowel, axillary, mass, impression, hydronephrosis, adrenals, contiguous, nodule, focal, administration, colon, mesenteric, from
- images:
**Topic 51:**
- Assessment of disease progression. 2. (more/slightly, prominent, greater, extensive, smaller, diffuse, relatively, similar, compared)
- terms:
than, more, slightly, prominent, less, some, greater, extensive, larger, but, bilaterally, also, these, appears, both, most, throughout, appear, present, smaller, diffuse, prior, well, involvement, all, disease, somewhat, side, bilateral, which, multiple, this, mild, however, particularly, areas, consistent, although, relatively, numerous, much, similar, involving, degree, overall, extent, they, suggesting, may, compared
- images:

**Topic 52:**
- DEXA. 3.
- terms:
z-score, t-score, bmd, bone, density, 2.5, minus, femur, 2.0, patient, indicates, below, patients, age, gm/cm2, normal, was, 1.0, were, values, used, cause, further, warranted, its, terms, investigation, percentile, adult, average, fracture, risk, score, mass, over, general, than, less, indicate, also, abnormality, spine, above, same, range, years, comparisons, which, within, reference
- images:
NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

**Topic 53:**
- Interpretation of examinations of outside hospital examinations. 3.
- terms:
outside, correlation, clinical, films, dated, from, suggest, submitted, recommended, significance, performed, interpretation, available, studies, review, images, read, uncertain, patient, further, pacs, evaluation, nih, hospital, center, suggested, imaging, findings, film, medical, institution, scan, indicated, marked, name, this, clinically, advised, recomm
- images:
Topic 54:
- Venous thrombosis. 3.
- terms:
vein, veins, femoral, popliteal, normal, evidence, common, superficial, clot, lower, deep, thrombus, jugular, doppler, extremity, subclavian, ultrasound, thrombosis, upper, venous, leg, flow, internal, dvt, impression, arm, mid, thigh, axillary, extremities, brachial, basilic, bilateral, patent, visualized, calf, compression, color-flow, multiple, including, duplex, cca, swelling, using, distal, cephalic, proximal, bilaterally, ivc, venogram
- images:
**Topic 55:**
- Bone scan (MDP).
- terms:
  - scan, bone, abnormal, was, activity, impression, following, mci, hours, increased, uptake, body, patient, whole, shows, comment, focus, disease, also, administration, approximately, performed, showed, this, posterior, metastatic, abnormalities, initial, anterior, mdp, follow, compared, previous, focal, region, degenerative, spect, injection, rib, lesions, seen, were, comments, new, which, dated, bony, skull, multiple, ribs
- images:

![Images of bone scans](image1.jpg)

**Topic 56:**
- Lesions with unspecific features and cannot be characterized.
- terms:
  - adenopathy, nonspecific, tiny, warranted, comparisons, consider, nodules, possibly, compatible, lesion
- images:

![Images of lesions](image2.jpg)
**Topic 57:**
- Non-standard chest imaging. [Terms which indicate view is obstructed (positional, projected, possibly, leads, ekg, foreign, indicationed, pic, artifact, rotation)]
  - terms:
    marked, minimal, chest, since, number, except, two, accession, other, compatible, images, appearing, one, and/or, positional, difference, projected, over, lung, catheter, view, change, unchanged, image, pa/lateral, inspiratory, lower, surgery, history, abnormality, possibly, venous, leads, ratio, ekg, cardiothoracic, exclude, lungs, possible, for eign, can, indicated, clinically, pic, frontal, due, advise, artifact, matter, rotation
  - images:

**Topic 58:**
- Renal scintigraphy. 3.
  - terms:
    was, bladder, patient, renal, kidney, images, after, mci, urinary, both, ureter, collecting, stent, shows, lung, minutes, system, function, impression, perfusion, flow, filling, renogram, defects, delayed, obstruction, approximately, ventilation, activity, normal, kidneys, differential, defect, performed, following, evidence, show, this, showed, ureteral, comment, scan, that, injection, from, excretion, were, nephrostomy, imaged, initial
  - images:
**Topic 59:**
- Research PET. 3.
- terms:
mci,f-18,c-11,acid,fluorodopamine,received,research,affect,results,making,patient,comments,date,purposes,was,intended,performed,this,not,fdg,fluorodopa,solely,carbon,o-15,monoxide,ammonia,arachidonic,fcway,raclopride,clinical-decision,cyclofoxy,water,flumazenil,pet,dasb,dha,study,4.5,160,pbr28,110,180,fallypride,nnc-112,140,rolipram,leucine,spa,2.5,1.04
- images:
NO IMAGES AVAILABLE

**Topic 60:**
- Bone age study. 3.
- terms:
age,bone,years,months,hand,according,standard,pyle,greulich,about,wrist,chronological,findings,skeletal,maturation,normal,comparison,growth,interval,since,history,view,deviation,noted,chronologic,impression,estimated,examination,year,old,standards,short,most,approximately,month,films,foundation,mean,brush,stature,syndrome,correlates,delayed,male,undiagnosed,plates,closely,previous,distal,boy
- images:
NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

**Topic 61:**
- Brain tumor protocol MRI. 3.
- terms:
images,were,t1-weighted,axial,acquired,contrast,resection,lobe,enhancement,cavity,administration,mass,brain,margin,frontal,perfusion,sagittal,lesion,comparison,prove,contrast,demonstrate,during,mri,perfusion-weighted,negative,enhancing,unchanged,integral,was,flair,unremarkable,performed,prior,generated,not,registration,involving,deposition,parietal,maps,time,elevated,clear,hemosiderin,previous,temporal,from,intravenous,agent,within,enhanced
- images:
Topic 62:
- Ultrasound liver. 3. [Liver ultrasound terms (duct, flow, texture, ultrasound).]
- terms:
liver, normal, gallbladder, spleen, portal, pancreas, duct, biliary, bile, focal, vein, flow, hepatic, common, intrahepatic, impression, lesions, abdomen, dilatation, patent, fatty, ascites, ducts, shows, not, dilated, kidneys, enlarged, size, towards, texture, directed, normally, infiltration, gallstones, wall, ultrasound, measuring, abdominal, appear, however, both, upper, somewhat, around, pancreatic, limited, ductal, does, views
- images:
**Topic 63:**
- Pelvic (female reproductive tract) ultrasound.  2. [Some words suggest ultrasound (transvaginal, hypoechoechic). However, all images are from cross-sectional examinations by virtue of how this project was designed.]
- terms:
  measures, uterus, measuring, ovary, pelvis, ultrasound, diameter, about, small, transverse, cyst, seen, ovaries, ovarian, volume, follicles, uterine, normal, fibroid, mass, impression, fibroids, multiple, size, both, 1.5, approximately, pelvic, 1.7, 1.2, 1.4, adnexal, thickness, 1.3, 1.6, 1.8, measured, dimensions, dimension, transvaginal, endometri al, 2.5, testis, endometrium, 2.2, fluid, 2.3, hypoechoic, large, 1.9
- images:

**Topic 64:**
- Dates. 2. [Unclear how this became a word cluster.]
- terms:
  2001, compared, 2004, previous, 2002, october, change, 2003, november, chest, history, 2006, september, january, july, 2000, 2005, august, december, june, march, april, february, may, since, obtained, unchanged, from, were, little, prior, recent, impression, lateral, x-ray, some, shows, not, mediastinum, studies, enlarged, appears, 1999, significant, status-post, appear, most, show, 2007, evident
- images:
**Topic 65:**
Fluoroscopically guided intervention, lumbar puncture or central venous catheter placement. 3.
- terms:
  - patient
  - procedure
  - catheter
  - placed
  - fluoroscopic
  - guidance
  - were
  - placement
  - puncture
  - into
  - vein
  - sterile
  - using
  - jugular
  - internal
  - ultrasound
  - sedation
  - site
  - consent
  - tolerated
  - french
  - needle
  - complications
  - informed
  - well
  - lumen
  - performed
  - lumbar
  - impression
  - prepped
  - successful
  - access
  - given
  - local
  - skin
  - fluoroscopy
  - draped
  - conscious
  - pressure
  - obtained
  - csf
  - technique
  - table
  - lidocaine
  - used
  - following
  - immediate
  - anesthesia
- images:
NO IMAGES AVAILABLE

**Topic 66:**
Chest radiograph template. 3.
- terms:
  - chest
  - lateral
  - lungs
  - clear
  - comparison
  - heart
  - impression
  - normal
  - views
  - silhouette
  - evidence
  - pulmonary
  - acute
  - cardiac
  - infiltrate
  - infiltrates
  - effusions
  - x-ray
  - findings
  - pleural
  - mediastinal
  - cardiomeediastinal
  - effusion
  - frontal
  - films
  - history
  - dated
  - size
  - view
  - contours
  - lung
  - prior
  - interstitial
  - pneumothorax
  - disease
  - unremarkable
  - markings
  - nodules
  - examination
  - radiograph
  - vascularity
  - mediastinum
  - clips
  - costophrenic
  - seen
  - radiographs
  - angles
  - aorta
  - demonstrate
  - available
- images:
NO IMAGES AVAILABLE

**Topic 67:**
Neurofibromatosis protocol imaging. 3.
- terms:
  - mass
  - tissue
  - soft
  - large
  - subcutaneous
  - anterior
  - into
  - posterior
  - extending
  - along
  - wall
  - masses
  - thigh
  - muscle
  - tissues
  - also
  - region
  - from
  - extends
  - level
  - lower
  - involving
  - tumor
  - extensive
  - plexiform
  - adjacent
  - side
  - medial
  - extension
on skin, neurofibromas, upper, neurofibroma, muscles, aspect, edema, superior, fat, involvement, inferior, multiple, paraspinal, just, this, space, area, neurofibromatosis, well, nf1, above

Topic 68:
- Interval change. 3. (previous*, increased, size, decreased, slight, present, change, significant, removed, improvement, development, current, resol*, larger, longer, remain, residual)
- terms:
  has, been, previous, interval, size, increased, compared, previously, have, decreased, now, since, again, increase, slightly, new, was, decrease, change, which, that, from, present, slight, resolved, significant, prior, removed, improvement, dated, however, today, made, development, current, seen, also, still, improved, this, resolution, remains, some, large, longer, remain, but, residual, appears, overall
- images:
**Topic 69:**  
- Arthritis imaging. 3.  
- terms:  
  joint, views, hands, lateral, evidence, joints, feet, both, wrists, bilateral, oblique, knees, findings, erosions, erosion, bony, soft, arthrosis, ankle, tissue, foot, distal, narrowing, ankles, bilaterally, space, wrist, fracture, hand, impression, changes, first, arthritis, erosive, history, calcification, small, knee, osteopenia, second, minimal, fifth, mild, third, proximal, view, metatarsal, medial, metacarpal, swelling  
- images:

**Topic 70:**  
- Chest imaging, follow-up. (again, change*, significantly, compare*, since, new, previous, detected).  
- terms:  
  seen, last, obtained, not, again, also, changed, well, chest, significantly, lung, through, compared, region, sections, noted, appearance, scan, defined, since, nodular, present, changes, density, comparison, made, have, side, this, new, areas, small, two, significant, densities, which, ill, axial, field, fields, films, both, detected, previous, area, finding s, some, these, they, mid  
- images:
Topic 71:
- Image-guided liver biopsy. 3.
- terms: was, biopsy, ultrasound, were, patient, procedure, needle, performed, guided, guidance, then, using, core, following, obtained, well, informed, biopsies, consent, under, complications, gauge, anesthesia, after, from, technique, immediate, given, lidocaine, this, into, used, mass, tolerated, specimens, local, achieved, procedural, placed, sedation, findings, targeted, fine, without, sterile, liver, aspiration, fusion, conscious, provided
- images:
**Topic 72:**
- Indeterminant lesion. 2. (seen, minimal, previous, unchanged, tiny, again, probably, since, changes, comparing, incidentally, similar, subtle, suggestion, new, calcification).
- terms:
  noted, seen, examination, minimal, also, evidence, small, previous, scan, few, findings, unchanged, both, use, area, tiny, other, near, intravenous, again, performed, very, bilateral, some, probably, since, changes, comparing, incidentally, contrast, region, similar, impression, nodule, subtle, which, appears, moderate, anterior, posterior, slightly, suggestion, around, several, new, superior, relatively, calcification, history, from
- images:

![Images](image1.jpg) ![Images](image2.jpg) ![Images](image3.jpg) ![Images](image4.jpg)

**Topic 73:**
- Reporting critical findings. 3.
- terms:
  addendum, discussed, test, dictation, this, p.m., please, reviewed, see, signed, results, date, original, above, due, who, below, dictated, note, only, findings, section, signature, telephone, addended, was, here, a.m., patient, reported,:
  30, result, line, understanding, from, should, critical, end, friday, time, wednesday, order, thursday, under, facilitate, correct, details, evidently, monday, technical
- images:
Topic 74:
- Instrumentation artifact limiting interpretation. 2. (limited, motion, artifact*, metallic, obvious, gross, suboptimal)
- terms:
  images, obtained, were, limited, findings, from, axial, technique, without, contrast, due, motion, artifact, evaluation, prior, comparison, examination, this, mri, portions, impression, through, not, artifacts, indication, identified, patient, demonstrate, intravenous, abnormalities, available, metallic, abnormality, lack, visualized, significant, evidence, exam, obvious, gross, only, evaluate, syndrome, suboptimal, history, metal, included, arising, evaluated, assessment
- images:
**Topic 75:**
- Brain MR imaging, NOS. 2. [Terms not specific for a particular disease or process.]
- terms:
  axial, images, seen, were, obtained, brain, identified, flair, sagittal, made, technique, examination, exam, signal, thorough, visualized, previous, evidence, ventricular, system, mri, impression, increased, sinuses, findings, reason, unremarkable, lesions, grossly, intensity, abnormal, masses, definite, spgr, weighted, clear, after, paranasal, collections, intracranial, diffusion, coronal, enhancing, however, comparison, changes, again, extra-axial, enhancement, intra
- images:

**Topic 76:**
- DEXA. 3.
- terms:
  score, area, bone, mass, average, were, standard, deviations, was, age, used, peak, matched, values, obtained, normal, made, following, comparisons, comments, vertebrae, population, neck, l1-l4, instrument, femoral, controls, bmd (g/cm², scan, distal, "femur, wards", "femur, total", "femur, trochanteric", 1/3, vertebrae [lateral, middle, radius (junction, l2-l4, qdr-4500, "femur, intertrochanteric", 0.5, 0.6, 0.3, patient, 0.4, 0.2, 0.7, 0.1, mg/cc, control
- images:
**Topic 77:**
- Lymadenopathy. 3.
- terms: compatible, adenopathy, series, unchanged, image, evidence, images, e.g., pelvis, lung, since, abdomen, vascular, minimal, foci, bulky, mass, calcification, bone, chest, contrast, liver, effusion, pleural, obtained, gross, following, without, splenomegaly, axilla, hydronephrosis, metastasis, bilateral, pericardial, increasing, helical, multidetector, apparent, complication, hilum, due, spine, gallbladder, administration, mesenteric, fat, dfov, cc/s, appearing, delay
- images: 

**Topic 78:**
- Bone metastases. 3.
- terms: bone, lesion, hip, knee, femoral, lytic, femur, proximal, head, sclerotic, joint, shoulder, hips, evidence, pelvis, distal, lesions, findings, humeral, lateral, fracture, medial, humerus, focal, impression, bony, prosthesis, history, iliac, pain, bilateral, blastic, avn, acetabulum, seen, marrow, sclerosis, view, both, osteolytic, cortical, heads, area, cortex, effusion, replacement, tibial, involving, consistent, views
- images: 
Topic 79:
- Uncertainty/equivocation. 3. (small, however, although, probably, cannot, likely, difficult, possibly, somewhat, excluded)
- terms:
  this, not, may, that, small, which, represent, but, however, could, area, seen, appears, probably, some, does, patient, cannot, although, very, due, these, likely, would, was, represents, also, difficult, possibly, finding, lesion, present, possible, have, can, most, well, appear, any, somewhat, suggest, related, other, one, see, whether, further, excluded, because, within
- images: